

## Gaussian mixture models

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# Chapter 1

## Package description

This is an R package to assign individuals to groups based on phenotypic data from multiple traits using Bayesian inference. While it is geared towards biological data, any multivariate data set can be analyzed this way. The model is a Gaussian mixture, fit using variational Bayes. A previous version hosted here used Hamiltonian Monte Carlo. This is still in development and will be added later. Goodness of fit is assessed using the deviance information criterion (DIC). The implementation is based on [McGrory and Titterton \(2007\)](#)

The package is still in development. Basic model fitting with no replication and no covariates is functional. The following functionality is in development:

- Full Bayesian treatment with MCMC
- Functions to summarize results and provide convergence diagnostics
- Support for covariates
- Arbitrary replication levels

To install, make sure you have the `devtools` package on your system, and then run `install_←github("tonymugen/MuGaMix")`. It should work under any Unix-like system, but has not been tested under Windows.

To fit the model, run the `quickFitModel` function (`?quickFitModel` for help). There is a plot method for the object returned by this function, which shows group assignment probabilities for each individual, similar to the plots that are used with `STRUCTURE`.





## Chapter 2

# Hierarchical Index

### 2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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## Chapter 3

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## Chapter 5

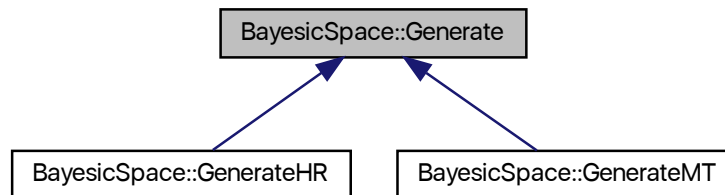
# Class Documentation

### 5.1 BayesianSpace::Generate Class Reference

Abstract base random number class.

```
#include <random.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesianSpace::Generate:



#### Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Generate ()`  
*Destructor.*
- virtual `uint64_t ranInt () const =0`  
*Generate a (pseudo-)random 64-bit unsigned integer.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [Generate](#) ()  
*Protected default constructor.*
- [Generate](#) (const [Generate](#) &old)=default  
*Protected copy constructor.*
- [Generate](#) ([Generate](#) &&old)=default  
*Protected move constructor.*
- [Generate](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Generate](#) &old)=default  
*Protected copy assignment operator.*
- [Generate](#) & [operator=](#) ([Generate](#) &&old)=default  
*Protected move assignment.*

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Abstract base random number class.

Provides the interface for random or pseudorandom (depending on derived class) generation. For internal use by the [RandDraw](#) interface class.

### 5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 [Generate\(\)](#) [1/2]

```
BayesicSpace::Generate::Generate (
    const Generate & old ) [protected], [default]
```

Protected copy constructor.

##### Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to copy
----	------------	----------------

#### 5.1.2.2 [Generate\(\)](#) [2/2]

```
BayesicSpace::Generate::Generate (
    Generate && old ) [protected], [default]
```

Protected move constructor.



## Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to move
----	------------	----------------

### 5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.1.3.1 operator=() [1/2]

```
Generate& BayesicSpace::Generate::operator= (
    const Generate & old ) [protected], [default]
```

Protected copy assignment operator.

## Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to copy
----	------------	----------------

#### 5.1.3.2 operator=() [2/2]

```
Generate& BayesicSpace::Generate::operator= (
    Generate && old ) [protected], [default]
```

Protected move assignment.

## Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to move
----	------------	----------------

#### 5.1.3.3 ranInt()

```
virtual uint64_t BayesicSpace::Generate::ranInt ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

[Generate](#) a (pseudo-)random 64-bit unsigned integer.

**Returns**

random or pseudo-random 64-bit unsigned integer

Implemented in [BayesicSpace::GenerateMT](#), and [BayesicSpace::GenerateHR](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

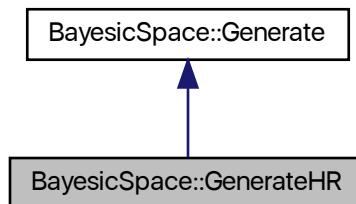
- [src/random.hpp](#)

## 5.2 BayesicSpace::GenerateHR Class Reference

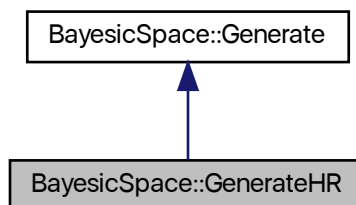
Hardware random number generating class.

```
#include <random.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::GenerateHR:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::GenerateHR:



## Public Member Functions

- [GenerateHR](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [~GenerateHR](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [GenerateHR](#) (const [GenerateHR](#) &old)=default  
*Copy constructor.*
- [GenerateHR](#) ([GenerateHR](#) &&old)=default  
*Move constructor.*
- [GenerateHR](#) & operator= (const [GenerateHR](#) &old)=default  
*Copy assignment operator.*
- [GenerateHR](#) & operator= ([GenerateHR](#) &&old)=default  
*Move assignment.*
- `uint64_t` [ranInt](#) () const override  
*Generate a random 64-bit unsigned integer.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Hardware random number generating class.

Generates random deviates from a number of distributions, using hardware random numbers (*RDRAND* processor instruction). Health of the RDRAND generator is tested every time a new number is required. Throws a `string` object "RDRAND\_failed" if the test fails. The implementation of random 64-bit integer generation follows [Intel's suggestions](#).

### 5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 [GenerateHR](#)() [1/2]

```
BayesicSpace::GenerateHR::GenerateHR (
    const GenerateHR & old ) [default]
```

Copy constructor.

#### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>old</code>	object to copy
-----------------	------------------	----------------

### 5.2.2.2 GenerateHR() [2/2]

```
BayesicSpace::GenerateHR::GenerateHR (
    GenerateHR && old ) [default]
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to move
----	------------	----------------

## 5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.2.3.1 operator=() [1/2]

```
GenerateHR& BayesicSpace::GenerateHR::operator= (
    const GenerateHR & old ) [default]
```

Copy assignment operator.

#### Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to copy
----	------------	----------------

### 5.2.3.2 operator=() [2/2]

```
GenerateHR& BayesicSpace::GenerateHR::operator= (
    GenerateHR && old ) [default]
```

Move assignment.

#### Parameters

in	<i>old</i>	object to move
----	------------	----------------

### 5.2.3.3 ranInt()

```
uint64_t GenerateHR::ranInt ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

[Generate](#) a random 64-bit unsigned integer.

Monitors the health of the CPU random number generator and throws a `string` object "RDRAND\_failed" if a failure is detected after ten tries.

#### Returns

digital random 64-bit unsigned integer

Implements [BayesicSpace::Generate](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

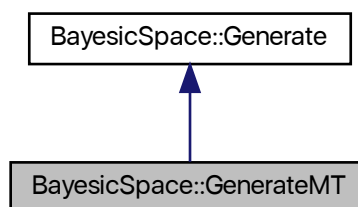
- [src/random.hpp](#)
- [src/random.cpp](#)

## 5.3 BayesicSpace::GenerateMT Class Reference

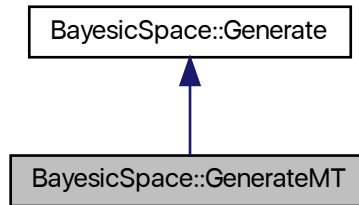
Pseudo-random number generator.

```
#include <random.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::GenerateMT:



Collaboration diagram for BayesianSpace::GenerateMT:



## Public Member Functions

- [GenerateMT](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [~GenerateMT](#) ()  
*Protected destructor.*
- [GenerateMT](#) (const [GenerateMT](#) &old)=default  
*Copy constructor.*
- [GenerateMT](#) ([GenerateMT](#) &&old)=default  
*Move constructor.*
- [GenerateMT](#) & [operator=](#) (const [GenerateMT](#) &old)=default  
*Copy assignment operator.*
- [GenerateMT](#) & [operator=](#) ([GenerateMT](#) &&old)=default  
*Move assignment.*
- `uint64_t` [ranInt](#) () const override  
*Generate a pseudo-random 64-bit unsigned integer.*

## Protected Attributes

- `uint64_t` [mt\\_](#) [312]  
*Generator state array.*
- `size_t` [mti\\_](#)  
*State of the array index.*
- `uint64_t` [x\\_](#)  
*Current state.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- static const uint16\_t `n_` = 312  
*Degree of recurrence.*
- static const uint16\_t `m_` = 156  
*Middle word.*
- static const uint64\_t `um_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0x7FFFFFFF)  
*Most significant 33 bits.*
- static const uint64\_t `lm_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0xFFFFFFFF80000000)  
*Least significant 31 bits.*
- static const uint64\_t `b_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0x71D67FFFEDA60000)  
*Tempering bitmask.*
- static const uint64\_t `c_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0xFFF7EEE000000000)  
*Tempering bitmask.*
- static const uint64\_t `d_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0x5555555555555555)  
*Tempering bitmask.*
- static const uint32\_t `l_` = 43  
*Tempering shift.*
- static const uint32\_t `s_` = 17  
*Tempering shift.*
- static const uint32\_t `t_` = 37  
*Tempering shift.*
- static const uint32\_t `u_` = 29  
*Tempering shift.*
- static const uint64\_t `alt_`[2] = {static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0), static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0xB5026F5AA96619E9)}  
*Array of alternative values for the twist.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Pseudo-random number generator.

An implementaiton of the 64-bit MT19937 ("Mersenne Twister") [\[matsumoto98a\]](#) pseudo-random number generator (PRNG). The constructor automatically seeds the PRNG. The implementation was guided by the reference code [posted by the authors](#).

### 5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.3.2.1 GenerateMT() [1/3]

```
GenerateMT::GenerateMT ( )
```

Default constructor.

Seeds the PRNG with a call to the *RDTSC* instruction.

### 5.3.2.2 GenerateMT() [2/3]

```
BayesicSpace::GenerateMT::GenerateMT (  
    const GenerateMT & old ) [default]
```

Copy constructor.

#### Parameters

in	old	object to copy
----	-----	----------------

### 5.3.2.3 GenerateMT() [3/3]

```
BayesicSpace::GenerateMT::GenerateMT (  
    GenerateMT && old ) [default]
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	old	object to move
----	-----	----------------

## 5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.3.3.1 operator=() [1/2]

```
GenerateMT& BayesicSpace::GenerateMT::operator= (  
    const GenerateMT & old ) [default]
```

Copy assignment operator.

#### Parameters

in	old	object to copy
----	-----	----------------



### 5.3.3.2 operator=() [2/2]

```
GenerateMT& BayesianSpace::GenerateMT::operator= (
    GenerateMT && old ) [default]
```

Move assignment.

#### Parameters

in	old	object to move
----	-----	----------------

### 5.3.3.3 ranInt()

```
uint64_t GenerateMT::ranInt ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

**Generate** a pseudo-random 64-bit unsigned integer.

#### Returns

pseudo-random 64-bit unsigned integer

Implements [BayesianSpace::Generate](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

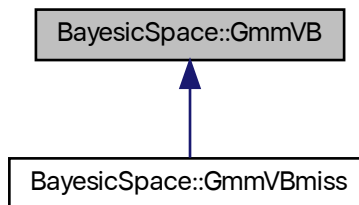
- [src/random.hpp](#)
- [src/random.cpp](#)

## 5.4 BayesianSpace::GmmVB Class Reference

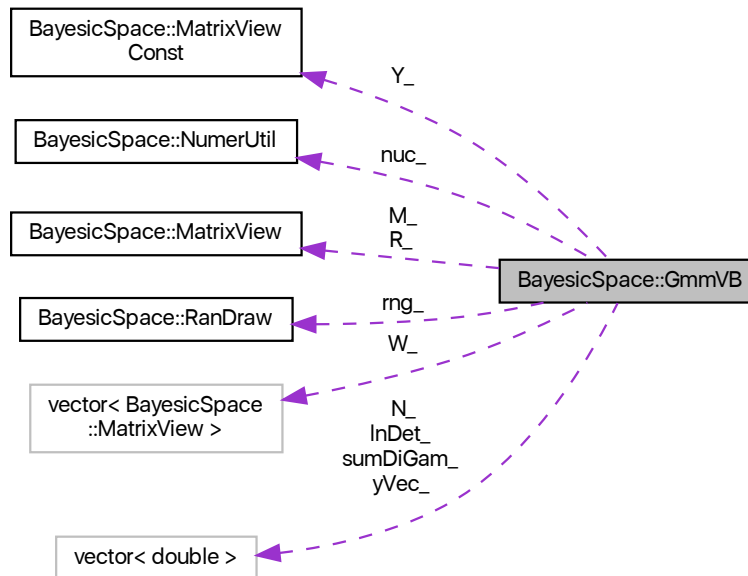
Variational Bayes class.

```
#include <gmmvb.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesianSpace::GmmVB:



Collaboration diagram for `BayesicSpace::GmmVB`:



## Public Member Functions

- [GmmVB](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [GmmVB](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const double &lambda0, const double &sigmaSq0, const double alpha0, const size\_t &nPop, const size\_t &d, vector< double > \*vPopMn, vector< double > \*vSm, vector< double > \*resp, vector< double > \*Nm)  
*Constructor.*
- [~GmmVB](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [GmmVB](#) (const [GmmVB](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [GmmVB](#) & operator= (const [GmmVB](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [GmmVB](#) ([GmmVB](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [GmmVB](#) & operator= ([GmmVB](#) &&in)=delete  
*Move assignment operator (deleted)*
- virtual void [fitModel](#) (vector< double > &logPost, double &dic)  
*Fit model.*

## Protected Member Functions

- virtual void `eStep_()`  
*The E-step.*
- virtual void `mStep_()`  
*The M-step.*
- virtual double `logPost_()`  
*Log-posterior function.*
- double `rowDistance_()` (const `MatrixViewConst` &m1, const `size_t` &row1, const `MatrixView` &m2, const `size_t` &row2)  
*Euclidean distance between matrix rows.*
- virtual void `kMeans_()` (const `MatrixViewConst` &X, const `size_t` &Kclust, const `uint32_t` &maxIt, `Index` &x2m, `MatrixView` &M)  
*K-means clustering.*

## Protected Attributes

- const vector< double > \* `yVec_`  
*Pointer to vectorized data matrix.*
- `MatrixViewConst` `Y_`  
*Matrix view of the data.*
- `MatrixView` `M_`  
*Population means matrix view.*
- vector< `MatrixView` > `W_`  
*Vector of weighted covariance matrix views.*
- vector< double > `lnDet_`  
 *$\bar{w}_$  log-determinants*
- vector< double > `sumDiGam_`  
*Sum of digammas.*
- `MatrixView` `R_`  
*Matrix view of responsibilities.*
- vector< double > \* `N_`  
*Pointer to vector of effective population sizes.*
- const double `lambda0_`  
*Prior covariance scale factor.*
- const double `nu0_`  
*Prior precision degrees of freedom.*
- const double `sigmaSq0_`  
*Prior variance.*
- const double `alpha0_`  
*Prior population size.*
- const double `d_`  
*Double version of the trait number.*
- const double `nu0p2_`  
 *$nu_0 + 2$*
- const double `nu0p1_`  
 *$nu_0 + 1$*

- const double `dln2_`  
 *$d \ln 2$*
- const uint16\_t `maxIt_`  
*Maximum number of iterations.*
- const double `stoppingDiff_`  
*Stopping criterion.*
- NumerUtil `nuc_`  
*Numerical utilities.*
- RanDraw `rng_`  
*Random numbers.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- static const double `lnMaxDbL_` = `log( numeric_limits<double>::max() )`  
*Natural log of `DBL_MAX`*

### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Variational Bayes class.

Implements Gaussian mixture model fit using variational Bayes

### 5.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.4.2.1 GmmVB() [1/2]

```
GmmVB::GmmVB (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const double & lambda0,
    const double & sigmaSq0,
    const double alpha0,
    const size_t & nPop,
    const size_t & d,
    vector< double > * vPopMn,
    vector< double > * vSm,
    vector< double > * resp,
    vector< double > * Nm )
```

Constructor.

The vectorized matrices must be in the column major format (as in R and FORTRAN). For larger population numbers, make sure  $\nu_0 > d - 2$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to vectorized data matrix
in	<i>lambda0</i>	prior precision scale factor
in	<i>sigmaSq0</i>	prior variance
in	<i>alpha0</i>	prior population size
in	<i>nPop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in, out	<i>vPopMn</i>	pointer to vectorized matrix of population means
in, out	<i>vSm</i>	pointer to vectorized collection of population covariances
in, out	<i>resp</i>	pointer to vectorized matrix responsibilities
in, out	<i>Nm</i>	pointer to vector of effective population sizes

## 5.4.2.2 GmmVB() [2/2]

```
GmmVB::GmmVB (
    GmmVB && in )
```

Move constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

## 5.4.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.4.3.1 fitModel()

```
void GmmVB::fitModel (
    vector< double > & logPost,
    double & dic ) [virtual]
```

Fit model.

Fits the model, returning the log-posterior for each step and the end-result deviance information criterion (DIC).

## Parameters

out	<i>logPost</i>	vector of lower bounds
out	<i>dic</i>	the DIC value

Reimplemented in [BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss](#).

### 5.4.3.2 kMeans\_()

```
void GmmVB::kMeans_ (
    const MatrixViewConst & X,
    const size_t & Kclust,
    const uint32_t & maxIt,
    Index & x2m,
    MatrixView & M ) [protected], [virtual]
```

K-means clustering.

Performs k-means clustering on a matrix of values. Each row of the input matrix is an item with observed values in columns.

#### Parameters

in	$X$	matrix of observations to be clustered
in	$Kclust$	number of clusters
in	$maxIt$	maximum number of iterations
out	$x2m$	<a href="#">Index</a> relating clusters to values
out	$M$	matrix of cluster means (clusters in rows)

Reimplemented in [BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss](#).

### 5.4.3.3 logPost\_()

```
double GmmVB::logPost_ ( ) [protected], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Calculates the log-posterior to monitor convergence.

#### Returns

the log-posterior value

Reimplemented in [BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss](#).

### 5.4.3.4 operator=()

```
GmmVB& BayesicSpace::GmmVB::operator= (
    GmmVB && in ) [delete]
```

Move assignment operator (deleted)

**Parameters**

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object

**5.4.3.5 rowDistance\_()**

```
double GmmVB::rowDistance_ (
    const MatrixViewConst & m1,
    const size_t & row1,
    const MatrixView & m2,
    const size_t & row2 ) [protected]
```

Euclidean distance between matrix rows.

**Parameters**

in	<i>m1</i>	first matrix
in	<i>row1</i>	index of the first matrix row
in	<i>m2</i>	second matrix
in	<i>row2</i>	index of the second matrix row

**Returns**

euclidean distance between the rows

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

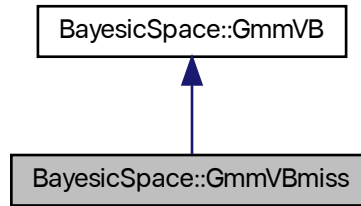
- [src/gmmvb.hpp](#)
- [src/gmmvb.cpp](#)

**5.5 BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss Class Reference**

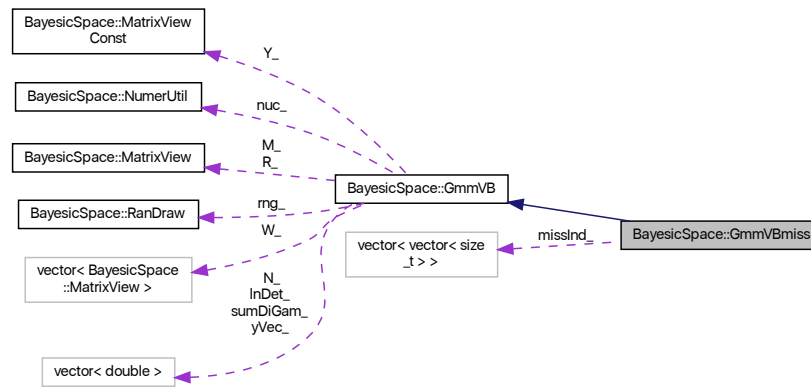
Variational Bayes with missing data.

```
#include <gmmvb.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesianSpace::GmmVBmiss:



Collaboration diagram for BayesianSpace::GmmVBmiss:



## Public Member Functions

- [GmmVBmiss](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [GmmVBmiss](#) (vector< double > \*yVec, const double &lambda0, const double &sigmaSq0, const double alpha0, const size\_t &nPop, const size\_t &d, vector< double > \*vPopMn, vector< double > \*vSm, vector< double > \*resp, vector< double > \*Nm)  
*Constructor.*
- [~GmmVBmiss](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [GmmVBmiss](#) (const [GmmVBmiss](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [GmmVBmiss](#) & operator= (const [GmmVBmiss](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*



- [GmmVBmiss](#) ([GmmVBmiss](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [GmmVBmiss](#) & [operator=](#) ([GmmVBmiss](#) &&in)=delete  
*Move assignment operator (deleted)*
- void [fitModel](#) (vector< double > &logPost, double &dic) override  
*Fit model.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [eStep\\_](#) () override  
*The E-step.*
- void [mStep\\_](#) () override  
*The M-step.*
- double [logPost\\_](#) () override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- double [rowDistance\\_](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &m1, const size\_t &row1, const [MatrixView](#) &m2, const size\_t &row2, const vector< size\_t > &presInd)  
*Euclidean distance between matrix rows.*
- void [kMeans\\_](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &X, const size\_t &Kclust, const uint32\_t &maxIt, [Index](#) &x2m, [MatrixView](#) &M) override  
*K-means clustering.*

## Protected Attributes

- vector< vector< size\_t > > [missInd\\_](#)  
*Missing data indexes.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Variational Bayes with missing data.

Implements Gaussian mixture model fit using variational Bayes. Missing data are allowed.

### 5.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.5.2.1 GmmVBmiss() [1/2]

```
GmmVBmiss::GmmVBmiss (
    vector< double > * yVec,
    const double & lambda0,
    const double & sigmaSq0,
    const double alpha0,
    const size_t & nPop,
    const size_t & d,
    vector< double > * vPopMn,
    vector< double > * vSm,
    vector< double > * resp,
    vector< double > * Nm )
```

Constructor.

The vectorized matrices must be in the column major format (as in R and FORTRAN). Missing values must be marked with `nan( " " )`. For larger population numbers, make sure  $\nu_0 > d - 2$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to vectorized data matrix
in	<i>lambda0</i>	prior precision scale factor
in	<i>sigmaSq0</i>	prior variance
in	<i>alpha0</i>	prior population size
in	<i>nPop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in, out	<i>vPopMn</i>	pointer to vectorized matrix of population means
in, out	<i>vSm</i>	pointer to vectorized collection of population covariances
in, out	<i>resp</i>	pointer to vectorized matrix responsibilities
in, out	<i>Nm</i>	pointer to vector of effective population sizes

### 5.5.2.2 GmmVBmiss() [2/2]

```
BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss::GmmVBmiss (
    GmmVBmiss && in )
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

### 5.5.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.5.3.1 fitModel()

```
void GmmVBmiss::fitModel (
    vector< double > & logPost,
    double & dic ) [override], [virtual]
```

Fit model.

Fits the model, returning the log-posterior for each step and the end-result deviance information criterion (DIC).

##### Parameters

out	<i>logPost</i>	vector of lower bounds
out	<i>dic</i>	the DIC value

Reimplemented from [BayesicSpace::GmmVB](#).

#### 5.5.3.2 kMeans\_()

```
void GmmVBmiss::kMeans_ (
    const MatrixViewConst & X,
    const size_t & Kclust,
    const uint32_t & maxIt,
    Index & x2m,
    MatrixView & M ) [override], [protected], [virtual]
```

K-means clustering.

Performs k-means clustering on a matrix of values. Each row of the input matrix is an item with observed values in columns.

##### Parameters

in	<i>X</i>	matrix of observations to be clustered
in	<i>Kclust</i>	number of clusters
in	<i>maxIt</i>	maximum number of iterations
out	<i>x2m</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> relating clusters to values
out	<i>M</i>	matrix of cluster means (clusters in rows)

Reimplemented from [BayesicSpace::GmmVB](#).

### 5.5.3.3 logPost\_()

```
double GmmVBmiss::logPost_ ( ) [override], [protected], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Calculates the log-posterior to monitor convergence.

#### Returns

the log-posterior value

Reimplemented from [BayesicSpace::GmmVB](#).

### 5.5.3.4 operator=()

```
GmmVBmiss& BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss::operator= (
    GmmVBmiss && in ) [delete]
```

Move assignment operator (deleted)

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

#### Returns

target object

### 5.5.3.5 rowDistance\_()

```
double GmmVBmiss::rowDistance_ (
    const MatrixViewConst & m1,
    const size_t & row1,
    const MatrixView & m2,
    const size_t & row2,
    const vector< size_t > & presInd ) [protected]
```

Euclidean distance between matrix rows.

**Parameters**

in	<i>m1</i>	first matrix
in	<i>row1</i>	index of the first matrix row
in	<i>m2</i>	second matrix
in	<i>row2</i>	index of the second matrix row
in	<i>presInd</i>	index of present (not missing) values

**Returns**

euclidean distance between the rows

## 5.5.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.5.4.1 missInd\_

```
vector< vector<size_t> > BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss::missInd_ [protected]
```

Missing data indexes.

The outer vector corresponds to data matrix columns. The inner vectors contain row indexes of missing data positions.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/gmmvb.hpp](#)
- [src/gmmvb.cpp](#)

## 5.6 BayesicSpace::Index Class Reference

Group index.

```
#include <index.hpp>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Index](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [Index](#) (const size\_t &Ngroups)  
*Group constructor.*
- [Index](#) (const size\_t \*arr, const size\_t &N)  
*Array constructor.*
- [Index](#) (const vector< size\_t > &vec)  
*Vector constructor.*
- [Index](#) (const string &inFileName)  
*File read constructor.*
- [Index](#) (const [Index](#) &in)  
*Copy constructor.*
- [Index](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Index](#) &in)  
*Copy assignment operator.*
- [Index](#) ([Index](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [Index](#) & [operator=](#) ([Index](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- [~Index](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- const vector< size\_t > & [operator\[\]](#) (const size\_t &i) const  
*Vector subscript operator.*
- size\_t [groupSize](#) (const size\_t &i) const  
*Group size.*
- size\_t [size](#) () const  
*Total sample size.*
- size\_t [groupNumber](#) () const  
*Number of groups.*
- size\_t [neGroupNumber](#) () const  
*Number of non-empty groups.*
- size\_t [groupID](#) (const size\_t &ind) const  
*Group ID.*
- void [update](#) (const vector< size\_t > &newVec)  
*Update the index.*

### 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Group index.

For each group, contains indexes of the lines that belong to it. Can also identify the group a given element belongs to. Group numbers need not be consecutive. Although group IDs are assumed to be base-0, everything should work even if they are not.

## 5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.6.2.1 Index() [1/6]

```
Index::Index (
    const size_t & Nggroups )
```

Group constructor.

Sets up empty groups.

#### Parameters

in	<i>Nggroups</i>	number of groups to set up
----	-----------------	----------------------------

### 5.6.2.2 Index() [2/6]

```
Index::Index (
    const size_t * arr,
    const size_t & N )
```

Array constructor.

The input array has an element for each line, and the value of that element is the base-0 group ID (i.e., if line  $n$  is in the first group, then `arr[n] == 0`).

#### Parameters

in	<i>arr</i>	array of group IDs
in	<i>N</i>	array length

### 5.6.2.3 Index() [3/6]

```
Index::Index (
    const vector< size_t > & vec )
```

Vector constructor.

The input vector has an element for each line, and the value of that element is the base-0 group ID (i.e., if line  $n$  is in the first group, then `vec[n] == 0`).

## Parameters

in	vec	array of group IDs
----	-----	--------------------

**5.6.2.4 Index()** [4/6]

```
Index::Index (
    const string & inFileName )
```

File read constructor.

The input file has an entry for each line (separated by white space), and the value of that entry is the base-0 group ID. If the file cannot be opened, throws "Cannot open file file\_name". If a negative group value is detected, throws "Negative group ID".

## Parameters

in	<i>inFileName</i>	input file name
----	-------------------	-----------------

**5.6.2.5 Index()** [5/6]

```
BayesicSpace::Index::Index (
    const Index & in ) [inline]
```

Copy constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	Index to be copied
----	-----------	--------------------

## Returns

Index object

**5.6.2.6 Index()** [6/6]

```
BayesicSpace::Index::Index (
    Index && in ) [inline]
```

Move constructor.



## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	Index object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------------

## Returns

Index object

## 5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.6.3.1 groupID()

```
size_t BayesicSpace::Index::groupID (
    const size_t & ind ) const [inline]
```

Group ID.

Returns the group ID for a given individual.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	index of an individual
----	------------	------------------------

## Returns

group ID

### 5.6.3.2 groupNumber()

```
size_t BayesicSpace::Index::groupNumber ( ) const [inline]
```

Number of groups.

## Returns

number of groups

### 5.6.3.3 groupSize()

```
size_t BayesicSpace::Index::groupSize (
    const size_t & i ) const [inline]
```

Group size.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<code>i</code>	group index
-----------------	----------------	-------------

**Returns**

size of the `_i`\_th group

**5.6.3.4 neGroupNumber()**

```
size_t Index::neGroupNumber ( ) const
```

Number of non-empty groups.

**Returns**

number of non-empty groups

**5.6.3.5 operator=() [1/2]**

```
Index & Index::operator= (
    const Index & in )
```

Copy assignment operator.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<code>in</code>	object to be copied
-----------------	-----------------	---------------------

**Returns**

an `Index` object

**5.6.3.6 operator=() [2/2]**

```
Index & Index::operator= (
    Index && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

an [Index](#) object

**5.6.3.7 operator[]()**

```
const vector<size_t>& BayesicSpace::Index::operator[] (
    const size_t & i ) const [inline]
```

Vector subscript operator.

Returns the index of group *i*.

**Parameters**

in	<i>i</i>	group index
----	----------	-------------

**Returns**

index of line IDs

**5.6.3.8 size()**

```
size_t BayesicSpace::Index::size ( ) const [inline]
```

Total sample size.

**Returns**

total sample size

**5.6.3.9 update()**

```
void Index::update (
    const vector< size_t > & newVec )
```

Update the index.

Updates the groups with a new index. If a group is not present in the new vector, it is left empty but still exists.

## Parameters

in	newVec	new vector of group IDs
----	--------	-------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/index.hpp](#)
- [src/index.cpp](#)

## 5.7 BayesicSpace::MatrixView Class Reference

Matrix view of a `vector`

```
#include <matrixView.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [MatrixView](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MatrixView](#) (vector< double > \*inVec, const size\_t &idx, const size\_t &nrow, const size\_t &ncol)  
*Constructor pointing to a C++ vector*
- [~MatrixView](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MatrixView](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &inMat)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator=](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &inMat)=delete  
*Copy assignment operator (deleted)*
- [MatrixView](#) ([MatrixView](#) &&inMat)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator=](#) ([MatrixView](#) &&inMat)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- size\_t [getNrows](#) () const  
*Access to number of rows.*
- size\_t [getNcols](#) () const  
*Access to number of columns.*
- double [getElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol) const  
*Access to an element.*
- void [setElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol, const double &input)  
*Set element to a value.*
- void [setCol](#) (const size\_t &jCol, const vector< double > &data)  
*Copy data from a vector to a column.*
- void [addToElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol, const double &input)  
*Add a scalar to an element.*
- void [subtractFromElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol, const double &input)

- Subtract a scalar from an element.*

  - void [multiplyElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol, const double &input)
- Multiply an element by a scalar.*

  - void [divideElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol, const double &input)
- Divide an element by a scalar.*

  - void [permuteCols](#) (const vector< size\_t > &idx)
- Permute columns.*

  - void [permuteRows](#) (const vector< size\_t > &idx)
- Permute rows.*

  - void [chol](#) ()
- In-place Cholesky decomposition.*

  - void [chol](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const
- Copy Cholesky decomposition.*

  - void [chollnv](#) ()
- In-place Cholesky inverse.*

  - void [chollnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const
- Copy Cholesky inverse.*

  - void [pseudolnv](#) ()
- In-place pseudoinverse.*

  - void [pseudolnv](#) (double &IDet)
- In-place pseudoinverse with log-determinant.*

  - void [pseudolnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const
- Copy pseudoinverse.*

  - void [pseudolnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out, double &IDet) const
- Copy pseudoinverse with log-determinant.*

  - void [svd](#) ([MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &s)
- Perform SVD.*

  - void [svdSafe](#) ([MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &s) const
- Perform "safe" SVD.*

  - void [eigen](#) (const char &tri, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam)
- All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix.*

  - void [eigen](#) (const char &tri, const size\_t &n, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam)
- Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix.*

  - void [eigenSafe](#) (const char &tri, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam) const
- All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")*

  - void [eigenSafe](#) (const char &tri, const size\_t &n, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam) const
- Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")*

  - void [syrk](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
- Inner self crossproduct.*

  - void [tsyrk](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
- Outer self crossproduct.*

  - void [symm](#) (const char &tri, const char &side, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &symA, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
- Multiply by symmetric matrix.*

  - void [symm](#) (const char &tri, const char &side, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &symA, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
- Multiply by symmetric [MatrixViewConst](#)*

- void [symc](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &X, const size\_t &xCol, const double &beta, vector< double > &y) const
- void [symc](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &X, const size\_t &xCol, const double &beta, vector< double > &y) const
- void [trm](#) (const char &tri, const char &side, const bool &transA, const bool &uDiag, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &trA)
  - *Multiply by triangular matrix.*
- void [trm](#) (const char &tri, const char &side, const bool &transA, const bool &uDiag, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &trA)
  - *Multiply by triangular [MatrixViewConst](#)*
- void [gemm](#) (const bool &transA, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &A, const bool &transB, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
  - *General matrix multiplication.*
- void [gemm](#) (const bool &transA, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &A, const bool &transB, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const
  - *General matrix multiplication with [MatrixViewConst](#)*
- void [gemc](#) (const bool &trans, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &X, const size\_t &xCol, const double &beta, vector< double > &y) const
  - *Multiply a general matrix by a column of another matrix.*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator+=](#) (const double &scal)
  - *MatrixView-scalar compound addition.*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator\\*=\[MatrixView\]\(#\)](#) (const double &scal)
  - *MatrixView-scalar compound product.*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator-=](#) (const double &scal)
  - *MatrixView-scalar compound subtraction.*
- [MatrixView](#) & [operator/=](#) (const double &scal)
  - *MatrixView-scalar compound division.*
- void [rowExpand](#) (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const
  - *Expand rows according to the provided index.*
- void [rowSums](#) (vector< double > &sums) const
  - *Row sums.*
- void [rowSums](#) (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &sums) const
  - *Row sums with missing data.*
- void [rowSums](#) (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const
  - *Sum rows in groups.*
- void [rowSums](#) (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const
  - *Sum rows in groups with missing values.*
- void [rowMeans](#) (vector< double > &means) const
  - *Row means.*
- void [rowMeans](#) (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &means) const
  - *Row means with missing data.*
- void [rowMeans](#) (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const
  - *Row means in groups.*
- void [rowMeans](#) (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const
  - *Row means in groups with missing data.*
- void [colSums](#) (vector< double > &sums) const
  - *Column sums.*
- void [colSums](#) (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &sums) const

- Column sums with missing data.*

  - void `colSums` (const `Index` &ind, `MatrixView` &out) const
- Sum columns in groups.*

  - void `colSums` (const `Index` &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, `MatrixView` &out) const
- Sum columns in groups with missing data.*

  - void `colExpand` (const `Index` &ind, `MatrixView` &out) const
- Expand columns accoring to the provided index.*

  - void `colMeans` (vector< double > &means) const
- Column means.*

  - void `colMeans` (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &means) const
- Column means with missing data.*

  - void `colMeans` (const `Index` &ind, `MatrixView` &out) const
- Column means in groups.*

  - void `colMeans` (const `Index` &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, `MatrixView` &out) const
- Column means in groups with missing data.*

  - void `rowMultiply` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Multiply rows by a vector.*

  - void `rowMultiply` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &iRow)
- Multiply a row by a scalar.*

  - void `colMultiply` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Multiply columns by a vector.*

  - void `colMultiply` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &jCol)
- Multiply a column by a scalar.*

  - void `rowDivide` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Divide rows by a vector.*

  - void `rowDivide` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &iRow)
- Divide a row by a scalar.*

  - void `colDivide` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Divide columns by a vector.*

  - void `colDivide` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &jCol)
- Divide a column by a scalar.*

  - void `rowAdd` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Add a vector to rows.*

  - void `rowAdd` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &iRow)
- Add a scalar to a row.*

  - void `colAdd` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Add a vector to columns.*

  - void `colAdd` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &jCol)
- Add a scalar to a column.*

  - void `rowSub` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Subtract a vector from rows.*

  - void `rowSub` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &iRow)
- Subtract a scalar from a row.*

  - void `colSub` (const vector< double > &scalars)
- Subtract a vector from columns.*

  - void `colSub` (const double &scalar, const size\_t &jCol)
- Subtract a scalar from a column.*

## Friends

- class **MatrixViewConst**

### 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Matrix view of a `vector`

This matrix class creates points to a portion of a vector, presenting it as a matrix. Matrix operations can then be performed, possibly modifying the data pointed to. The idea is similar to GSL's `matrix_view`. The matrix is column-major to comply with LAPACK and BLAS routines. Columns and rows are base-0. Range checking is done unless the flag `-DLMRG_CHECK_OFF` is set at compile time. Methods that support missing data assume that missing values are coded with `nan("")`.

### 5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.7.2.1 MatrixView() [1/2]

```
MatrixView::MatrixView (
    vector< double > * inVec,
    const size_t & idx,
    const size_t & nrow,
    const size_t & ncol )
```

Constructor pointing to a C++ `vector`

Points to a portion of the vector starting from the provided index.

#### Parameters

in	<i>inVec</i>	target vector
in	<i>idx</i>	start index
in	<i>nrow</i>	number of rows
in	<i>ncol</i>	number of columns

#### 5.7.2.2 MatrixView() [2/2]

```
MatrixView::MatrixView (
    MatrixView && inMat )
```

Move constructor.



## Parameters

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

### 5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.7.3.1 addToElem()

```
void MatrixView::addToElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol,
    const double & input )
```

Add a scalar to an element.

## Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number
in	<i>input</i>	value to add

#### 5.7.3.2 chol() [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::chol ( )
```

In-place Cholesky decomposition.

Performs the Cholesky decomposition and stores the resulting matrix in the lower triangle of the same object.

#### 5.7.3.3 chol() [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::chol (
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy Cholesky decomposition.

Performs the Cholesky decomposition and stores the result in the lower triangle of the provided [MatrixView](#) object. The original object is left untouched.

## Parameters

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

**5.7.3.4 cholInv()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::cholInv ( )
```

In-place Cholesky inverse.

Computes the inverse of a Cholesky decomposition and stores the resulting matrix in the same object, resulting in a symmetric matrix. The object is assumed to be a Cholesky decomposition already.

**5.7.3.5 cholInv()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::cholInv (
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy Cholesky inverse.

Computes the inverse of a Cholesky decomposition and stores the result in the provided [MatrixView](#) object, resulting in a symmetric matrix. The original object is left untouched. The object is assumed to be a Cholesky decomposition already.

## Parameters

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

**5.7.3.6 colAdd()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::colAdd (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & jCol )
```

Add a scalar to a column.

Entry-wise addition of a scalar to the given column. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for addition
in	<i>jCol</i>	column index

**5.7.3.7 colAdd()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::colAdd (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Add a vector to columns.

Entry-wise addition of a vector to each column. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for addition
----	----------------	---------------------------------------

**5.7.3.8 colDivide()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::colDivide (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & jCol )
```

Divide a column by a scalar.

Entry-wise division of a given column by the provided scalar. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for division
in	<i>jCol</i>	column index

**5.7.3.9 colDivide()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::colDivide (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Divide columns by a vector.

Entry-wise division of each column by the provided vector. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for division
----	----------------	---------------------------------------

### 5.7.3.10 colExpand()

```
void MatrixView::colExpand (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Expand columns according to the provided index.

Columns are expanded to make more rows. The output matrix must be of correct size.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	Index with groups corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output MatrixView

### 5.7.3.11 colMeans() [1/4]

```
void MatrixView::colMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Column means in groups with missing data.

Means among column elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	Index with elements corresponding to columns
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output MatrixView

### 5.7.3.12 colMeans() [2/4]

```
void MatrixView::colMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Column means in groups.

Means among column elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

#### 5.7.3.13 colMeans() [3/4]

```
void MatrixView::colMeans (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Column means with missing data.

Calculates means among rows in each column and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>means</i>	vector of means

#### 5.7.3.14 colMeans() [4/4]

```
void MatrixView::colMeans (
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Column means.

Calculates means among rows in each column and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

#### Parameters

out	<i>means</i>	vector of means
-----	--------------	-----------------

**5.7.3.15 colMultiply() [1/2]**

```
void MatrixView::colMultiply (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & jCol )
```

Multiply a column by a scalar.

Entry-wise multiplication of a given column by the provided scalar. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for multiplication
in	<i>jCol</i>	column index

**5.7.3.16 colMultiply() [2/2]**

```
void MatrixView::colMultiply (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Multiply columns by a vector.

Entry-wise multiplication of each column by the provided vector. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for multiplication
----	----------------	---

**5.7.3.17 colSub() [1/2]**

```
void MatrixView::colSub (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & jCol )
```

Subtract a scalar from a column.

Entry-wise subtraction of a scalar from the given column. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for subtraction
in	<i>jCol</i>	column index

**5.7.3.18 colSub()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::colSub (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Subtract a vector from columns.

Entry-wise subtraction of a vector from each column. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for subtraction
----	----------------	--

**5.7.3.19 colSums()** [1/4]

```
void MatrixView::colSums (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum columns in groups with missing data.

The column elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.7.3.20 colSums()** [2/4]

```
void MatrixView::colSums (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum columns in groups.

The column elements are summed within each group of the `Index`. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ind</i>	<code>Index</code> with elements corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output <code>MatrixView</code>

**5.7.3.21 colSums()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixView::colSums (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Column sums with missing data.

Calculates sums of column elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

**Parameters**

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums

**5.7.3.22 colSums()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixView::colSums (
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Column sums.

Calculates sums of column elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used.



## Parameters

out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums
-----	-------------	----------------

## 5.7.3.23 divideElem()

```
void MatrixView::divideElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol,
    const double & input )
```

Divide an element by a scalar.

## Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number
in	<i>input</i>	value to divide by

## 5.7.3.24 eigen() [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::eigen (
    const char & tri,
    const size_t & n,
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & lam )
```

Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix.

Computes top  $n$  eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix. Interface to the *DSYEV* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data in the relevant triangle are destroyed.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>n</i>	number of largest eigenvalues to compute
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

**5.7.3.25 eigen()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::eigen (
    const char & tri,
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & lam )
```

All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix.

Interface to the *DSYEVR* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data in the relevant triangle are destroyed.

**Parameters**

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

**5.7.3.26 eigenSafe()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::eigenSafe (
    const char & tri,
    const size_t & n,
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & lam ) const
```

Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")

Computes the top *n* eigenvectors and values of a symmetric matrix. Interface to the *DSYEVR* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to [eigen\(\)](#).

**Parameters**

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>n</i>	number of largest eigenvalues to compute
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

**5.7.3.27 eigenSafe()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::eigenSafe (
```

```

const char & tri,
MatrixView & U,
vector< double > & lam ) const

```

All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")

Interface to the *DSYEV* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to [eigen\(\)](#).

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

#### 5.7.3.28 gemc()

```

void MatrixView::gemc (
    const bool & trans,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & X,
    const size_t & xCol,
    const double & beta,
    vector< double > & y ) const

```

Multiply a general matrix by a column of another matrix.

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object by a specified column of another matrix. An interface for the BLAS *DGEMV* routine. Updates the input vector *y*

$$y \leftarrow \alpha AX_{.j} + \beta y$$

or

$$y \leftarrow \alpha A^T X_{.j} + \beta y$$

If the output vector is too short it is resized, adding zero elements as needed. If it is too long, only the first  $N_{row}(A)$  elements are modified.

#### Parameters

in	<i>trans</i>	whether <i>A</i> (focal object) should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>X</i>	matrix <i>X</i> whose column will be used
in	<i>xCol</i>	column of <i>X</i> to be used (0 base)
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	<i>y</i>	result vector

**5.7.3.29 gemm()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::gemm (
    const bool & transA,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & A,
    const bool & transB,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

General matrix multiplication.

Interface for the BLAS *DGEMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha op(A)op(B) + \beta C$$

where  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if *transA* is true or false, respectively, and similarly for  $op(B)$ . The method is called from  $B$ .

**Parameters**

in	<i>transA</i>	whether $A$ should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$A$	matrix $A$
in	<i>transB</i>	whether $B$ should be transposed
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

**5.7.3.30 gemm()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::gemm (
    const bool & transA,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & A,
    const bool & transB,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

General matrix multiplication with [MatrixViewConst](#)

Interface for the BLAS *DGEMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha op(A)op(B) + \beta C$$

where  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if *transA* is true or false, respectively, and similarly for  $op(B)$ . The method is called from  $B$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>transA</i>	whether $A$ should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$A$	matrix $A$
in	<i>transB</i>	whether $B$ should be transposed
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

## 5.7.3.31 getElem()

```
double MatrixView::getElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol ) const
```

Access to an element.

## Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number

## Returns

double element value

## 5.7.3.32 getNcols()

```
size_t BayesicSpace::MatrixView::getNcols ( ) const [inline]
```

Access to number of columns.

## Returns

size\_t number of columns

### 5.7.3.33 getNrows()

```
size_t BayesianSpace::MatrixView::getNrows ( ) const [inline]
```

Access to number of rows.

#### Returns

size\_t number of rows

### 5.7.3.34 multiplyElem()

```
void MatrixView::multiplyElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol,
    const double & input )
```

Multiply an element by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number
in	<i>input</i>	value to multiply by

### 5.7.3.35 operator\*=(())

```
MatrixView & MatrixView::operator*=(
    const double & scal )
```

MatrixView-scalar compound product.

#### Parameters

in	<i>scal</i>	scalar
----	-------------	--------

#### Returns

[MatrixView](#) result

### 5.7.3.36 operator+=()

```
MatrixView & MatrixView::operator+= (
    const double & scal )
```

MatrixView-scalar compound addition.

#### Parameters

in	<i>scal</i>	scalar
----	-------------	--------

#### Returns

[MatrixView](#) result

### 5.7.3.37 operator-=()

```
MatrixView & MatrixView::operator-= (
    const double & scal )
```

MatrixView-scalar compound subtraction.

#### Parameters

in	<i>scal</i>	scalar
----	-------------	--------

#### Returns

[MatrixView](#) result

### 5.7.3.38 operator/=()

```
MatrixView & MatrixView::operator/= (
    const double & scal )
```

MatrixView-scalar compound division.

#### Parameters

in	<i>scal</i>	scalar
----	-------------	--------

**Returns**

[MatrixView](#) result

**5.7.3.39 operator=()**

```
MatrixView & MatrixView::operator= (  
    MatrixView && inMat )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

**Returns**

[MatrixView](#) target object

**5.7.3.40 permuteCols()**

```
void MatrixView::permuteCols (  
    const vector< size_t > & idx )
```

Permute columns.

Re-order columns of the matrix according to the provided index vector.

**Parameters**

in	<i>idx</i>	index vector
----	------------	--------------

**5.7.3.41 permuteRows()**

```
void MatrixView::permuteRows (  
    const vector< size_t > & idx )
```

Permute rows.

Re-order rows of the matrix according to the provided index vector.



## Parameters

in	idx	index vector
----	-----	--------------

**5.7.3.42 pseudInv()** [1/4]

```
void MatrixView::pseudoInv ( )
```

In-place pseudoinverse.

Computes a pseudoinverse of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The matrix is replaced with its inverse. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

**5.7.3.43 pseudInv()** [2/4]

```
void MatrixView::pseudoInv (
    double & lDet )
```

In-place pseudoinverse with log-determinant.

Computes a pseudoinverse and its log-pseudodeterminant of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The matrix is replaced with its inverse. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

## Parameters

out	<i>lDet</i>	log-pseudodeterminant of the inverted matrix
-----	-------------	--

**5.7.3.44 pseudInv()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixView::pseudoInv (
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy pseudoinverse.

Computes a pseudoinverse of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The calling matrix is left intact and the result is copied to the output. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

## Parameters

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

**5.7.3.45 pseudoInv()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixView::pseudoInv (
    MatrixView & out,
    double & lDet ) const
```

Copy pseudoinverse with log-determinant.

Computes a pseudoinverse and its log-pseudodeterminant of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The calling matrix is left intact and the result is copied to the output. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

**Parameters**

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
out	<i>lDet</i>	log-pseudodeterminant of the inverted matrix

**5.7.3.46 rowAdd()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowAdd (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & iRow )
```

Add a scalar to a row.

Entry-wise addition of a scalar to the given row. The current object is modified.

**Parameters**

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for addition
in	<i>iRow</i>	row index

**5.7.3.47 rowAdd()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowAdd (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Add a vector to rows.

Entry-wise addition of a vector to each row. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for addition
----	----------------	---------------------------------------

**5.7.3.48 rowDivide()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowDivide (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & iRow )
```

Divide a row by a scalar.

Entry-wise division of a given row by the provided scalar. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for division
in	<i>iRow</i>	row index

**5.7.3.49 rowDivide()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowDivide (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Divide rows by a vector.

Entry-wise division of each row by the provided vector. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for division
----	----------------	---------------------------------------

**5.7.3.50 rowExpand()**

```
void MatrixView::rowExpand (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Expand rows according to the provided index.

Each row is expanded, creating more columns. The output matrix must be of the correct size.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with groups corresponding to existing rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.7.3.51 rowMeans()** [1/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Row means in groups with missing data.

Means among row elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions ( $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups). The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.7.3.52 rowMeans()** [2/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Row means in groups.

Means among row elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions ( $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups).

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.7.3.53 rowMeans()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowMeans (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Row means with missing data.

Calculates means among row elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data is ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

**Parameters**

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>means</i>	vector of means

**5.7.3.54 rowMeans()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowMeans (
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Row means.

Calculates means among row elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

**Parameters**

out	<i>means</i>	vector of means
-----	--------------	-----------------

**5.7.3.55 rowMultiply()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowMultiply (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & iRow )
```

Multiply a row by a scalar.

Entry-wise multiplication of a given row by the provided scalar. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for multiplication
in	<i>iRow</i>	row index

**5.7.3.56 rowMultiply()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowMultiply (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Multiply rows by a vector.

Entry-wise multiplication of each row by the provided vector. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for multiplication
----	----------------	---

**5.7.3.57 rowSub()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowSub (
    const double & scalar,
    const size_t & iRow )
```

Subtract a scalar from a row.

Entry-wise subtraction of a scalar from the given row. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalar</i>	scalar to use for subtraction
in	<i>iRow</i>	row index

**5.7.3.58 rowSub()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::rowSub (
    const vector< double > & scalars )
```

Subtract a vector from rows.

Entry-wise subtraction of a vector from each row. The current object is modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>scalars</i>	vector of scalars to use for subtraction
----	----------------	--

## 5.7.3.59 rowSums() [1/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowSums (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum rows in groups with missing values.

The row elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). Missing values are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions (  $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups). The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

## 5.7.3.60 rowSums() [2/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowSums (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum rows in groups.

The row elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions (  $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups).

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>



**5.7.3.61 rowSums()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowSums (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Row sums with missing data.

Sums row elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing values are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

**Parameters**

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums

**5.7.3.62 rowSums()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixView::rowSums (
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Row sums.

Sums row elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

**Parameters**

out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums
-----	-------------	----------------

**5.7.3.63 setCol()**

```
void MatrixView::setCol (
    const size_t & jCol,
    const vector< double > & data )
```

Copy data from a vector to a column.

Copies data from a vector to a specified column. If the vector is too long, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

## Parameters

in	<i>jCol</i>	column index (0 base)
in	<i>data</i>	vector with data

**5.7.3.64 setElem()**

```
void MatrixView::setElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol,
    const double & input )
```

Set element to a value.

## Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number
in	<i>input</i>	input value

**5.7.3.65 subtractFromElem()**

```
void MatrixView::subtractFromElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol,
    const double & input )
```

Subtract a scalar from an element.

## Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number
in	<i>input</i>	value to subtract

**5.7.3.66 svd()**

```
void MatrixView::svd (
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & s )
```

Perform SVD.

Performs SVD and stores the  $U$  vectors in a [MatrixView](#) object and singular values in a C++ vector. For now, only does the *DGESVD* from LAPACK with no  $V^T$  matrix. The data in the object are destroyed.

#### Parameters

out	$U$	$U$ vector matrix
out	$s$	singular value vector

#### 5.7.3.67 svdSafe()

```
void MatrixView::svdSafe (
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & s ) const
```

Perform "safe" SVD.

Performs SVD and stores the  $U$  vectors in a [MatrixView](#) object and singular values in a C++ vector. For now, only does the *DGESVD* from LAPACK with no  $V^T$  matrix. The data in the object are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to [svd\(\)](#).

#### Parameters

out	$U$	$U$ vector matrix
out	$s$	singular value vector

#### 5.7.3.68 symc() [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::symc (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & X,
    const size_t & xCol,
    const double & beta,
    vector< double > & y ) const
```

Multiply symmetric matrix by a column of another matrix

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object, which is symmetric, by a specified column of a [MatrixView](#). An interface for the BLAS *DSYMV* routine. Updates the input vector  $y$

$$y \leftarrow \alpha AX_{.j} + \beta y$$

If the output vector is too short it is resized, adding zero elements as needed. If it is too long, only the first  $\text{Nrow}(A)$  elements are modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>A</i> (focal object) triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>X</i>	matrix <i>X</i> whose column will be used
in	<i>xCol</i>	column of <i>X</i> to be used (0 base)
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	<i>y</i>	result vector

5.7.3.69 `symc()` [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::symc (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & X,
    const size_t & xCol,
    const double & beta,
    vector< double > & y ) const
```

Multiply symmetric matrix by a column of another matrix

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object, which is symmetric, by a specified column of a [MatrixViewConst](#). An interface for the BLAS *DSYMV* routine. Updates the input vector *y*

$$y \leftarrow \alpha AX_{.j} + \beta y$$

If the output vector is too short it is resized, adding zero elements as needed. If it is too long, only the first `Nrow(A)` elements are modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>A</i> (focal object) triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>X</i>	matrix <i>X</i> whose column will be used
in	<i>xCol</i>	column of <i>X</i> to be used (0 base)
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	<i>y</i>	result vector

5.7.3.70 `symm()` [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::symm (
    const char & tri,
```

```

const char & side,
const double & alpha,
const MatrixView & symA,
const double & beta,
MatrixView & C ) const

```

Multiply by symmetric matrix.

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object by a symmetric matrix. The interface for the BLAS *DSYMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix *C*

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$C \leftarrow \alpha BA + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'r' (right). The symmetric *A* matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the *B* matrix.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>A</i> triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>symA</i>	symmetric matrix <i>A</i>
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	<i>C</i>	the result <i>C</i> matrix

#### 5.7.3.71 `symm()` [2/2]

```

void MatrixView::symm (
    const char & tri,
    const char & side,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & symA,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const

```

Multiply by symmetric [MatrixViewConst](#)

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object by a symmetric matrix. The interface for the BLAS *DSYMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix *C*

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$C \leftarrow \alpha BA + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'r' (right). The symmetric *A* matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the *B* matrix.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>A</i> triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>symA</i>	symmetric matrix <i>A</i>
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	<i>C</i>	the result <i>C</i> matrix

5.7.3.72 `syrk()`

```
void MatrixView::syrk (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Inner self crossproduct.

Interface for the BLAS *DSYRK* routine. This function updates the given symmetric matrix *C* with the operation

$$C \leftarrow \alpha A^T A + \beta C$$

The *char* parameter governs which triangle of *C* is used to store the result ('u' is upper and 'l' is lower). Only the specified triangle of *C* is changed.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>C</i> triangle ID
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ parameter
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ parameter
in, out	<i>C</i>	the result <i>C</i> matrix

5.7.3.73 `trm()` [1/2]

```
void MatrixView::trm (
    const char & tri,
    const char & side,
    const bool & transA,
    const bool & uDiag,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & trA )
```

Multiply by triangular matrix.

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object by a triangular matrix  $A$ . The interface for the BLAS *DTRMM* routine. Updates current object  $B$

$$B \leftarrow \alpha op(A)B$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$B \leftarrow \alpha Bop(A)$$

if *side* is 'r' (right).  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if *transA* is true or false, respectively. The triangular  $A$  matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the  $B$  matrix. The current object is replaced by the transformed resulting matrix.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$A$ triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>transA</i>	whether matrix $A$ should be transposed
in	<i>uDiag</i>	whether $A$ unit-diagonal or not
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>trA</i>	triangular matrix $A$

#### 5.7.3.74 trm() [2/2]

```
void MatrixView::trm (
    const char & tri,
    const char & side,
    const bool & transA,
    const bool & uDiag,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & trA )
```

Multiply by triangular [MatrixViewConst](#)

Multiply the [MatrixView](#) object by a triangular matrix  $A$ . The interface for the BLAS *DTRMM* routine. Updates current object  $B$

$$B \leftarrow \alpha op(A)B$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$B \leftarrow \alpha Bop(A)$$

if *side* is 'r' (right).  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if *transA* is true or false, respectively. The triangular  $A$  matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the  $B$  matrix. The current object is replaced by the transformed resulting matrix.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>A</i> triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>transA</i>	whether matrix <i>A</i> should be transposed
in	<i>uDiag</i>	whether <i>A</i> unit-diagonal or not
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>trA</i>	triangular matrix <i>A</i>

## 5.7.3.75 tsyrk()

```
void MatrixView::tsyrk (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Outer self crossproduct.

Interface for the BLAS *DSYRK* routine. This function updates the given symmetric matrix *C* with the operation

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AA^T + \beta C$$

The *char* parameter governs which triangle of *C* is used to store the result ('u' is upper and 'l' is lower). Only the specified triangle of *C* is changed.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	<i>C</i> triangle ID
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ parameter
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ parameter
in, out	<i>C</i>	the result <i>C</i> matrix

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/matrixView.hpp](#)
- [src/matrixView.cpp](#)

## 5.8 BayesicSpace::MatrixViewConst Class Reference

A const version of [MatrixView](#)

```
#include <matrixView.hpp>
```



## Public Member Functions

- [MatrixViewConst](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) (const vector< double > \*inVec, const size\_t &idx, const size\_t &nrow, const size\_t &ncol)  
*Constructor pointing to a C++ vector*
- [~MatrixViewConst](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &inMat)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) & operator= (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &inMat)=delete  
*Copy assignment operator (deleted)*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) ([MatrixViewConst](#) &&inMat)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) ([MatrixView](#) &&inMat)  
*Move constructor from [MatrixView](#)*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) & operator= ([MatrixViewConst](#) &&inMat)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) & operator= ([MatrixView](#) &&inMat)  
*Move assignment operator from [MatrixView](#)*
- size\_t [getNrows](#) () const  
*Access to number of rows.*
- size\_t [getNcols](#) () const  
*Access to number of columns.*
- double [getElem](#) (const size\_t &iRow, const size\_t &jCol) const  
*Access to an element.*
- void [chol](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Copy Cholesky decomposition.*
- void [chollnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Copy Cholesky inverse.*
- void [pseudolnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Copy pseudoinverse.*
- void [pseudolnv](#) ([MatrixView](#) &out, double &IDet) const  
*Copy pseudoinverse with log-determinant.*
- void [svdSafe](#) ([MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &s) const  
*Perform "safe" SVD.*
- void [eigenSafe](#) (const char &tri, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam) const  
*All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")*
- void [eigenSafe](#) (const char &tri, const size\_t &n, [MatrixView](#) &U, vector< double > &lam) const  
*Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")*
- void [syrk](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*Inner self crossproduct.*
- void [tsyrk](#) (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*Outer self crossproduct.*
- void [symm](#) (const char &tri, const char &side, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &symA, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*Multiply by symmetric matrix.*

- void `symm` (const char &tri, const char &side, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &symA, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*Multiply by symmetric [MatrixViewConst](#)*
- void `symc` (const char &tri, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &X, const size\_t &xCol, const double &beta, vector< double > &y) const
- void `gemm` (const bool &transA, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &A, const bool &transB, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*General matrix multiplication.*
- void `gemm` (const bool &transA, const double &alpha, const [MatrixViewConst](#) &A, const bool &transB, const double &beta, [MatrixView](#) &C) const  
*General matrix multiplication with [MatrixViewConst](#)*
- void `gemc` (const bool &trans, const double &alpha, const [MatrixView](#) &X, const size\_t &xCol, const double &beta, vector< double > &y) const  
*Multiply a general matrix by a column of another matrix.*
- void `rowExpand` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Expand rows according to the provided index.*
- void `rowSums` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Sum rows in groups.*
- void `rowSums` (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Sum rows in groups with missing data.*
- void `rowSums` (vector< double > &sums) const  
*Row sums.*
- void `rowSums` (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &sums) const  
*Row sums with missing data.*
- void `rowMeans` (vector< double > &means) const  
*Row means.*
- void `rowMeans` (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &means) const  
*Row means with missing data.*
- void `rowMeans` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Row means in groups.*
- void `rowMeans` (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Row means in groups with missing data.*
- void `colSums` (vector< double > &sums) const  
*Column sums.*
- void `colSums` (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &sums) const  
*Column sums with missing data.*
- void `colSums` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Sum columns in groups.*
- void `colSums` (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Sum columns in groups with missing data.*
- void `colExpand` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Expand columns according to the provided index.*
- void `colMeans` (vector< double > &means) const  
*Column means.*
- void `colMeans` (const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, vector< double > &means) const  
*Column means with missing data.*
- void `colMeans` (const [Index](#) &ind, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Column means in groups.*
- void `colMeans` (const [Index](#) &ind, const vector< vector< size\_t > > &missInd, [MatrixView](#) &out) const  
*Column means in groups with missing data.*

## Friends

- class **MatrixView**

### 5.8.1 Detailed Description

A `const` version of [MatrixView](#)

This matrix class creates points to a portion of a vector, presenting it as a matrix. Matrix operations can then be performed, but are aguaranteed not to modify the vector pointed to. The idea is similar to GSL's `matrix_view`. The matrix is column-major to comply with LAPACK and BLAS routines. Columns and rows are base-0. Range checking is done unless the flag `-DLMRG_CHECK_OFF` is set at compile time.

### 5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.8.2.1 MatrixViewConst() [1/3]

```
BayesicSpace::MatrixViewConst::MatrixViewConst (
    const vector< double > * inVec,
    const size_t & idx,
    const size_t & nrow,
    const size_t & ncol ) [inline]
```

Constructor pointing to a C++ vector

Points to a portion of the vector starting from the provided index.

#### Parameters

in	<i>inVec</i>	target vector
in	<i>idx</i>	start index
in	<i>nrow</i>	number of rows
in	<i>ncol</i>	number of columns

#### 5.8.2.2 MatrixViewConst() [2/3]

```
MatrixViewConst::MatrixViewConst (
    MatrixViewConst && inMat )
```

Move constructor.

**Parameters**

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

**5.8.2.3 MatrixViewConst() [3/3]**

```
MatrixViewConst::MatrixViewConst (  
    MatrixView && inMat )
```

Move constructor from [MatrixView](#)

**Parameters**

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

**5.8.3 Member Function Documentation****5.8.3.1 chol()**

```
void MatrixViewConst::chol (  
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy Cholesky decomposition.

Performs the Cholesky decomposition and stores the result in the lower triangle of the provided [MatrixView](#) object. The original object is left untouched.

**Parameters**

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

**5.8.3.2 cholInv()**

```
void MatrixViewConst::cholInv (  
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy Cholesky inverse.

Computes the inverse of a Cholesky decomposition and stores the result in the provided [MatrixView](#) object, resulting in a symmetric matrix. The original object is left untouched. The object is assumed to be a Cholesky decomposition already.

#### Parameters

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

### 5.8.3.3 colExpand()

```
void MatrixViewConst::colExpand (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Expand columns accoring to the provided index.

Columns are expanded to make more rows. The output matrix must be of correct size.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with groups corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

### 5.8.3.4 colMeans() [1/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Column means in groups with missing data.

Means among column elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

### 5.8.3.5 colMeans() [2/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Column means in groups.

Means among column elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

### 5.8.3.6 colMeans() [3/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colMeans (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Column means with missing data.

Calculates means among rows in each column and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>means</i>	vector of means

### 5.8.3.7 colMeans() [4/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colMeans (
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Column means.

Calculates means among rows in each column and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used.

#### Parameters

out	<i>means</i>	vector of means
-----	--------------	-----------------

### 5.8.3.8 colSums() [1/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colSums (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum columns in groups with missing data.

The column elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

### 5.8.3.9 colSums() [2/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colSums (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum columns in groups.

The column elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to columns
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

### 5.8.3.10 colSums() [3/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colSums (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Column sums with missing data.

Calculates sums of column elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

#### Parameters

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums

### 5.8.3.11 colSums() [4/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::colSums (
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Column sums.

Calculates sums of column elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{col}$  elements are used.

#### Parameters

out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums
-----	-------------	----------------

### 5.8.3.12 eigenSafe() [1/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::eigenSafe (
    const char & tri,
    const size_t & n,
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & lam ) const
```



Some eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")

Computes the top  $n$  eigenvectors and values of a symmetric matrix. Interface to the *DSYEVR* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to `eigen()`.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>n</i>	number of largest eigenvalues to compute
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

#### 5.8.3.13 `eigenSafe()` [2/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::eigenSafe (
    const char & tri,
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & lam ) const
```

All eigenvalues and vectors of a symmetric matrix ("safe")

Interface to the *DSYEVR* LAPACK routine. This routine is recommended as the fastest (especially for smaller matrices) in LAPACK benchmarks. It is assumed that the current object is symmetric. It is only checked for being square. The data are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to `eigen()`.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
out	<i>U</i>	matrix of eigenvectors
out	<i>lam</i>	vector of eigenvalues in ascending order

#### 5.8.3.14 `gemc()`

```
void MatrixViewConst::gemc (
    const bool & trans,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & X,
    const size_t & xCol,
    const double & beta,
    vector< double > & y ) const
```

Multiply a general matrix by a column of another matrix.

Multiply the `MatrixViewConst` object by a specified column of another matrix. An interface for the BLAS *DGEMV* routine. Updates the input vector  $y$

$$y \leftarrow \alpha AX_{.j} + \beta y$$

or

$$y \leftarrow \alpha A^T X_{.j} + \beta y$$

If the output vector is too short it is resized, adding zero elements as needed. If it is too long, only the first  $Nrow(A)$  elements are modified.

#### Parameters

in	<i>trans</i>	whether $A$ (focal object) should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$X$	matrix $X$ whose column will be used
in	<i>xCol</i>	column of $X$ to be used (0 base)
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$y$	result vector

#### 5.8.3.15 `gemm()` [1/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::gemm (
    const bool & transA,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & A,
    const bool & transB,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

General matrix multiplication.

Interface for the BLAS *DGEMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha op(A)op(B) + \beta C$$

where  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if *transA* is true or false, respectively, and similarly for  $op(B)$ . The method is called from  $B$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>transA</i>	whether $A$ should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$A$	matrix $A$
in	<i>transB</i>	whether $B$ should be transposed
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

### 5.8.3.16 gemm() [2/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::gemm (
    const bool & transA,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & A,
    const bool & transB,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

General matrix multiplication with [MatrixViewConst](#)

Interface for the BLAS *DGEMM* routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha op(A)op(B) + \beta C$$

where  $op(A)$  is  $A^T$  or  $A$  if  $transA$  is true or false, respectively, and similarly for  $op(B)$ . The method is called from  $B$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>transA</i>	whether $A$ should be transposed
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$A$	matrix $A$
in	<i>transB</i>	whether $B$ should be transposed
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

### 5.8.3.17 getElem()

```
double MatrixViewConst::getElem (
    const size_t & iRow,
    const size_t & jCol ) const
```

Access to an element.

#### Parameters

in	<i>iRow</i>	row number
in	<i>jCol</i>	column number

**Returns**

double element value

**5.8.3.18 getNcols()**

```
size_t BayesicSpace::MatrixViewConst::getNcols ( ) const [inline]
```

Access to number of columns.

**Returns**

size\_t number of columns

**5.8.3.19 getNrows()**

```
size_t BayesicSpace::MatrixViewConst::getNrows ( ) const [inline]
```

Access to number of rows.

**Returns**

size\_t number of rows

**5.8.3.20 operator=() [1/2]**

```
MatrixViewConst & MatrixViewConst::operator= (
    MatrixView && inMat )
```

Move assignment operator from [MatrixView](#)

**Parameters**

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

**Returns**

[MatrixViewConst](#) target object

**5.8.3.21 operator=()** [2/2]

```
MatrixViewConst & MatrixViewConst::operator= (
    MatrixViewConst && inMat )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>inMat</i>	object to be moved
----	--------------	--------------------

**Returns**

[MatrixViewConst](#) target object

**5.8.3.22 pseudoInv()** [1/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::pseudoInv (
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Copy pseudoinverse.

Computes a pseudoinverse of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The calling matrix is left intact and the result is copied to the output. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

**Parameters**

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
-----	------------	---

**5.8.3.23 pseudoInv()** [2/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::pseudoInv (
    MatrixView & out,
    double & lDet ) const
```

Copy pseudoinverse with log-determinant.

Computes a pseudoinverse and its log-pseudodeterminant of a symmetric square matrix using eigendecomposition (using the LAPACK *DSYEVR* routine). The calling matrix is left intact and the result is copied to the output. Only the lower triangle of the input matrix is addressed.

## Parameters

out	<i>out</i>	object where the result is to be stored
out	<i>IDet</i>	log-pseudodeterminant of the inverted matrix

**5.8.3.24 rowExpand()**

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowExpand (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Expand rows according to the provided index.

Each row is expanded, creating more columns. The output matrix must be of the correct size.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with groups corresponding to existing rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.8.3.25 rowMeans()** [1/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Row means in groups with missing data.

Means among row elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.8.3.26 rowMeans()** [2/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowMeans (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Row means in groups.

Means among row elements are calculated within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.8.3.27 rowMeans()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowMeans (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Row means with missing data.

Calculates means among row elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

**Parameters**

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>means</i>	vector of means

**5.8.3.28 rowMeans()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowMeans (
    vector< double > & means ) const
```

Row means.

Calculates means among row elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

## Parameters

out	<i>means</i>	vector of means
-----	--------------	-----------------

**5.8.3.29 rowSums() [1/4]**

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowSums (
    const Index & ind,
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum rows in groups with missing data.

The row elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). Missing data are ignored. The output matrix must have the correct dimensions (  $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups). The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>

**5.8.3.30 rowSums() [2/4]**

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowSums (
    const Index & ind,
    MatrixView & out ) const
```

Sum rows in groups.

The row elements are summed within each group of the [Index](#). The output matrix must have the correct dimensions (  $N_{col}$  the new matrix equal to the number of groups).

## Parameters

in	<i>ind</i>	<a href="#">Index</a> with elements corresponding to rows
out	<i>out</i>	output <a href="#">MatrixView</a>



**5.8.3.31 rowSums()** [3/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowSums (
    const vector< vector< size_t > > & missInd,
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Row sums with missing data.

Sums row elements and stores them in the provided vector. Missing data are ignored. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used. The positions where the data are missing are identified by a vector of index vectors. The size of the outer vector equals the number of columns. The inner vector has row IDs of the missing data. Some of these inner vectors may be empty.

**Parameters**

in	<i>missInd</i>	vector of vectors of missing data indexes
out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums

**5.8.3.32 rowSums()** [4/4]

```
void MatrixViewConst::rowSums (
    vector< double > & sums ) const
```

Row sums.

Sums row elements and stores them in the provided vector. If vector length is smaller than necessary, the vector is expanded. Otherwise, the first  $N_{row}$  elements are used.

**Parameters**

out	<i>sums</i>	vector of sums
-----	-------------	----------------

**5.8.3.33 svdSafe()**

```
void MatrixViewConst::svdSafe (
    MatrixView & U,
    vector< double > & s ) const
```

Perform "safe" SVD.

Performs SVD and stores the  $U$  vectors in a [MatrixView](#) object and singular values in a C++ vector. For now, only does the *DGESVD* from LAPACK with no  $V^T$  matrix. The data in the object are preserved, leading to some loss of efficiency compared to `svd()`.

## Parameters

out	$U$	$U$ vector matrix
out	$s$	singular value vector

5.8.3.34 `symc()`

```
void MatrixViewConst::symc (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & X,
    const size_t & xCol,
    const double & beta,
    vector< double > & y ) const
```

Multiply symmetric matrix by a column of another matrix

Multiply the `MatrixViewConst` object, which is symmetric, by a specified column of another matrix. An interface for the BLAS `DSYMV` routine. Updates the input vector  $y$

$$y \leftarrow \alpha AX_{.j} + \beta y$$

If the output vector is too short it is resized, adding zero elements as needed. If it is too long, only the first `Nrow(A)` elements are modified.

## Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$A$ (focal object) triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	$X$	matrix $X$ whose column will be used
in	<i>xCol</i>	column of $X$ to be used (0 base)
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$y$	result vector

5.8.3.35 `symm()` [1/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::symm (
    const char & tri,
    const char & side,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixView & symA,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Multiply by symmetric matrix.

Multiply the `MatrixViewConst` object by a symmetric matrix. The interface for the BLAS `DSYMM` routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$C \leftarrow \alpha BA + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'r' (right). The symmetric  $A$  matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the  $B$  matrix.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$A$ triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>symA</i>	symmetric matrix $A$
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

#### 5.8.3.36 `symm()` [2/2]

```
void MatrixViewConst::symm (
    const char & tri,
    const char & side,
    const double & alpha,
    const MatrixViewConst & symA,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Multiply by symmetric `MatrixViewConst`

Multiply the `MatrixViewConst` object by a symmetric matrix. The interface for the BLAS `DSYMM` routine. Updates the input/output matrix  $C$

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'l' (left) and

$$C \leftarrow \alpha BA + \beta C$$

if *side* is 'r' (right). The symmetric  $A$  matrix is provided as input, the method is called from the  $B$  matrix.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$A$ triangle ID ('u' for upper or 'l' for lower)
in	<i>side</i>	multiplication side
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ constant
in	<i>symA</i>	symmetric matrix $A$
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ constant
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

### 5.8.3.37 `syrk()`

```
void MatrixViewConst::syrk (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Inner self crossproduct.

Interface for the BLAS *DSYRK* routine. This function updates the given symmetric matrix  $C$  with the operation

$$C \leftarrow \alpha A^T A + \beta C$$

The *char* parameter governs which triangle of  $C$  is used to store the result ('u' is upper and 'l' is lower). Only the specified triangle is changed.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$C$ triangle ID
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ parameter
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ parameter
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

### 5.8.3.38 `tsyrk()`

```
void MatrixViewConst::tsyrk (
    const char & tri,
    const double & alpha,
    const double & beta,
    MatrixView & C ) const
```

Outer self crossproduct.

Interface for the BLAS *DSYRK* routine. This function updates the given symmetric matrix  $C$  with the operation

$$C \leftarrow \alpha A A^T + \beta C$$

The *char* parameter governs which triangle of  $C$  is used to store the result ('u' is upper and 'l' is lower). Only the specified triangle is changed.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tri</i>	$C$ triangle ID
in	<i>alpha</i>	the $\alpha$ parameter
in	<i>beta</i>	the $\beta$ parameter
in, out	$C$	the result $C$ matrix

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

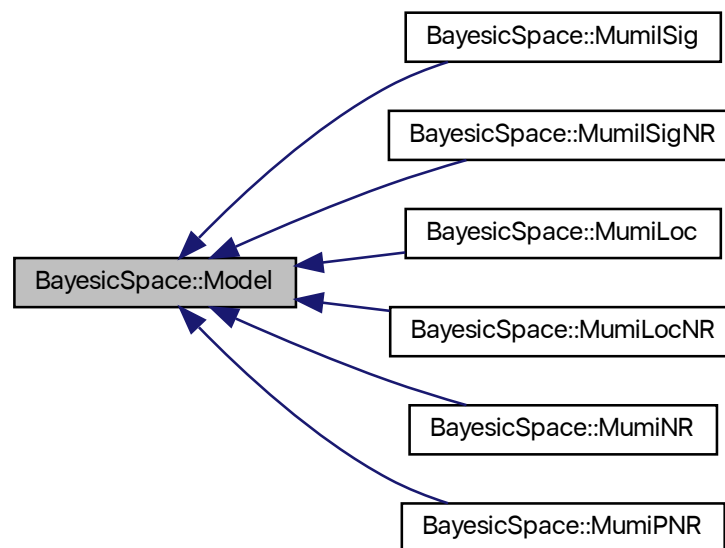
- [src/matrixView.hpp](#)
- [src/matrixView.cpp](#)

## 5.9 BayesicSpace::Model Class Reference

[Model](#) class.

```
#include <model.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::Model:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual [~Model](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- virtual double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &theta) const =0  
*Virtual log-posterior function.*
- virtual void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &theta, vector< double > &grad) const =0  
*Virtual gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [Model \(\)](#)  
*Default constructor.*

### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

[Model](#) class.

Abstract class that points to an implementation of a particular model. Must surface a call to a log-posterior function and its gradient. No other public methods are required.

### 5.9.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.9.2.1 gradient()

```
virtual void BayesianSpace::Model::gradient (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [pure virtual]
```

Virtual gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

#### Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implemented in [BayesianSpace::MumiPNR](#), [BayesianSpace::MumiSig](#), [BayesianSpace::MumiSigNR](#), [BayesianSpace::MumiLoc](#), [BayesianSpace::MumiLocNR](#), and [BayesianSpace::MumiNR](#).

#### 5.9.2.2 logPost()

```
virtual double BayesianSpace::Model::logPost (
    const vector< double > & theta ) const [pure virtual]
```

Virtual log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior.

## Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
----	--------------	------------------

## Returns

Value of the log-posterior

Implemented in [BayesicSpace::MumiPNR](#), [BayesicSpace::MumilSig](#), [BayesicSpace::MumilSigNR](#), [BayesicSpace::MumiLoc](#), [BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR](#), and [BayesicSpace::MumiNR](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

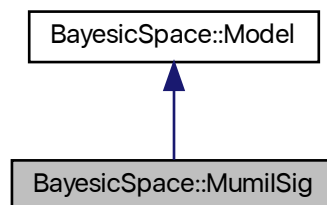
- [src/model.hpp](#)

## 5.10 BayesicSpace::MumilSig Class Reference

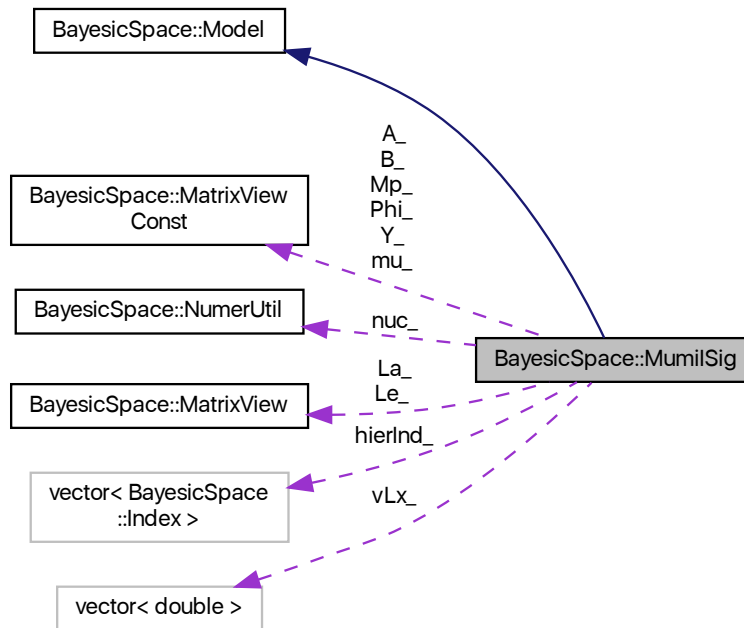
[Model](#) for inverse covariances.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::MumilSig:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::MumilSig:



## Public Member Functions

- [MumilSig](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MumilSig](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const vector< double > \*vTheta, const vector< [Index](#) > \*hierInd, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq, const size\_t &nPops)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MumilSig](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MumilSig](#) (const [MumiLoc](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MumilSig](#) & operator= (const [MumilSig](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [MumilSig](#) ([MumilSig](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MumilSig](#) & operator= ([MumilSig](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &viSig) const override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &viSig, vector< double > &grad) const override  
*Gradient of the log-posterior.*



## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandISvec\\_](#) (const vector< double > &viSig) const  
*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*

## Protected Attributes

- const vector< [Index](#) > \* [hierInd\\_](#)  
*Pointer to vector of indexes connecting hierarchy levels.*
- double [nu0\\_](#)  
*Prior degrees of freedom.*
- double [invAsq\\_](#)  
*Prior inverse-variance.*
- [MatrixViewConst Y\\_](#)  
*Data view.*
- [MatrixViewConst A\\_](#)  
*Line mean view.*
- [MatrixViewConst B\\_](#)  
*Covariate effect view.*
- [MatrixViewConst Mp\\_](#)  
*Population mean view.*
- [MatrixViewConst mu\\_](#)  
*Overall mean view.*
- [MatrixViewConst Phi\\_](#)  
*Population assignment logit-probability view.*
- [MatrixView Le\\_](#)  
*Error factorized precision matrix view.*
- [MatrixView La\\_](#)  
*Line factorized precision matrix view.*
- vector< double > [vLx\\_](#)  
*Expanded  $L$  matrices.*
- size\_t [fTelnd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_E$  element.*
- size\_t [fLalnd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $L_A$  element.*
- size\_t [fTalnd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_A$  element.*
- size\_t [fTplnd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_P$  element.*
- double [nxnd\\_](#)  
 $nu0 * (nu0 + 2d)$
- double [Nnd\\_](#)  
 $N + nu0 + 2d.$
- double [NAnd\\_](#)  
 $N_A + nu0 + 2d.$
- double [NPnd\\_](#)  
 $N_P + nu0 + 2d.$
- [NumerUtil nuc\\_](#)

### 5.10.1 Detailed Description

[Model](#) for inverse covariances.

Implements log-posterior and gradient for inverse covariances. The inverse-covariances are factorized and stored compactly in the vectors provided to the methods of this class. The error matrix is stored first, then the line precision matrix. The unit lower-triangular  $L_X$  is stored first (by column and excluding the diagonal), then the diagonal log-precision matrix  $T_X$  (see the model description for notation).

### 5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.10.2.1 MumiISig() [1/2]

```
MumiISig::MumiISig (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const vector< double > * vTheta,
    const vector< Index > * hierInd,
    const double & nu0,
    const double & invAsq,
    const size_t & nPops )
```

Constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to data
in	<i>vTheta</i>	pointer to vector of location parameters
in	<i>xVec</i>	pointer to vectorized covariate matrix (with intercept)
in	<i>hierInd</i>	pointer to a vector with hierarchical indexes
in	<i>nu0</i>	prior degrees of freedom $\nu_0$
in	<i>invAsq</i>	prior precision $a^{-2}$
in	<i>nPops</i>	number of populations

#### 5.10.2.2 MumiISig() [2/2]

```
MumiISig::MumiISig (
    MumiISig && in )
```

Move constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

### 5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.10.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiISig::expandISvec_ (
    const vector< double > & viSig ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_X$  matrices contained in the provided vector into the internal  $L_*$  vector. The input vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrices.

## Parameters

in	<i>viSig</i>	compressed vector of factorized precision matrices
----	--------------	--

#### 5.10.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiISig::gradient (
    const vector< double > & viSig,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

## Parameters

in	<i>viSig</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

### 5.10.3.3 logPost()

```
double MumiISig::logPost (
    const vector< double > & viSig ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector.

#### Parameters

in	<i>viSig</i>	parameter vector
----	--------------	------------------

#### Returns

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

### 5.10.3.4 operator=()

```
MumiISig & MumiISig::operator= (
    MumiISig && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

#### Returns

target object

## 5.10.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.10.4.1 invAsq\_

```
double BayesicSpace::MumiISig::invAsq_ [protected]
```

Prior inverse-variance.

Inverse variance of the prior. Should be set to a large value for a vague prior.

**5.10.4.2 La\_**

`MatrixView` BayesicSpace::MumiISig::La\_ [mutable], [protected]

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLx_`.

**5.10.4.3 Le\_**

`MatrixView` BayesicSpace::MumiISig::Le\_ [mutable], [protected]

Error factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLx_`.

**5.10.4.4 nu0\_**

`double` BayesicSpace::MumiISig::nu0\_ [protected]

Prior degrees of freedom.

Degrees of freedom of the half- $t$  prior distribution on the covariance matrix. If  $\nu_0 = 2$ , the prior is half-Cauchy. Should not be large for a vague prior.

**5.10.4.5 nuc\_**

`NumerUtil` BayesicSpace::MumiISig::nuc\_ [protected]

Numerical utility collection

**5.10.4.6 vLx\_**

`vector<double>` BayesicSpace::MumiISig::vLx\_ [mutable], [protected]

Expanded  $L$  matrices.

Vectorized error and line unity triangular matrices ( $L_X$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

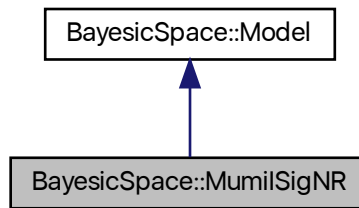
- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.11 BayesicSpace::MumilSigNR Class Reference

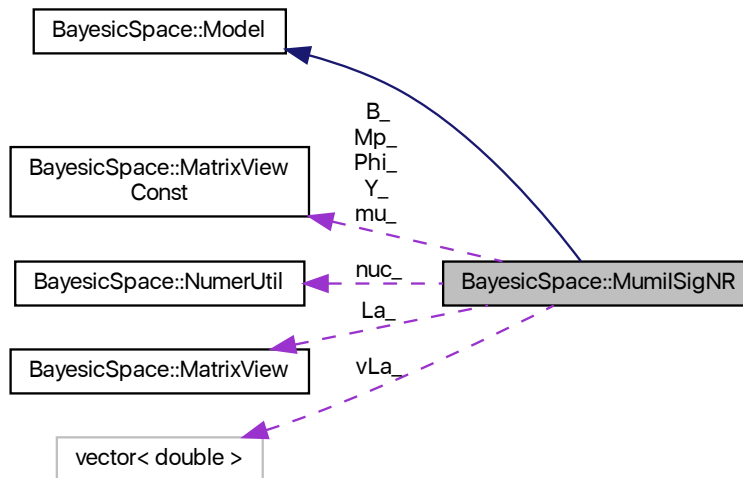
[Model](#) for inverse covariances with no replication.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::MumilSigNR:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::MumilSigNR:



### Public Member Functions

- [MumilSigNR \(\)](#)

*Default constructor.*

- [MumilSigNR](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const size\_t &d, const vector< double > \*vTheta, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq, const size\_t &nPops)

*Constructor.*

- [~MumilSigNR](#) ()

*Destructor.*

- [MumilSigNR](#) (const [MumilLocNR](#) &in)=delete

*Copy constructor (deleted)*

- [MumilSigNR](#) & [operator=](#) (const [MumilSigNR](#) &in)=delete

*Copy assignment (deleted)*

- [MumilSigNR](#) ([MumilSigNR](#) &&in)

*Move constructor.*

- [MumilSigNR](#) & [operator=](#) ([MumilSigNR](#) &&in)

*Move assignment operator.*

- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &viSig) const override

*Log-posterior function.*

- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &viSig, vector< double > &grad) const override

*Gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandISvec\\_](#) (const vector< double > &viSig) const

*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*

## Protected Attributes

- double [nu0\\_](#)

*Prior degrees of freedom.*

- double [invAsq\\_](#)

*Prior inverse-variance.*

- [MatrixViewConst Y\\_](#)

*Data view.*

- [MatrixViewConst B\\_](#)

*Covariate effect view.*

- [MatrixViewConst Mp\\_](#)

*Population mean view.*

- [MatrixViewConst mu\\_](#)

*Overall mean view.*

- [MatrixViewConst Phi\\_](#)

*Population assignment logit-probability view.*

- [MatrixView La\\_](#)

*Line factorized precision matrix view.*

- vector< double > [vLa\\_](#)

*Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.*

- size\_t [fTalnD\\_](#)

*Index of the first  $T_A$  element.*

- `size_t fTplnd_`  
*Index of the first  $T_P$  element.*
- `double nxnd_`  
 $nu0*(nu0 + 2d)$
- `double NAnd_`  
 $N_A + nu0 + 2d.$
- `double NPnd_`  
 $N_P + nu0 + 2d.$
- `NumerUtil nuc_`

### 5.11.1 Detailed Description

[Model](#) for inverse covariances with no replication.

Implements log-posterior and gradient for inverse covariances for the multiplicative mixture model with no replication. The inverse-covariances are factorized and stored compactly in the vectors provided to the methods of this class. The unit lower-triangular  $L_A$  is stored first (by column and excluding the diagonal), then the diagonal log-precision matrix  $T_A$ , then  $T_M$  (see the model description for notation).

### 5.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.11.2.1 MumiISigNR() [1/2]

```
MumiISigNR::MumiISigNR (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const size_t & d,
    const vector< double > * vTheta,
    const double & nu0,
    const double & invAsq,
    const size_t & nPops )
```

Constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to data
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in	<i>vTheta</i>	pointer to vector of location parameters
in	<i>xVec</i>	pointer to vectorized covariate matrix (with intercept)
in	<i>nu0</i>	prior degrees of freedom $\nu_0$
in	<i>invAsq</i>	prior precision $a^{-2}$
in	<i>nPops</i>	number of populations



### 5.11.2.2 MumiISigNR() [2/2]

```
MumiISigNR::MumiISigNR (
    MumiISigNR && in )
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

## 5.11.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.11.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiISigNR::expandISvec_ (
    const vector< double > & viSig ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_A$  matrix contained in the provided vector into the internal  $L_*$  vector. The input vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrices.

#### Parameters

in	<i>viSig</i>	compressed vector of factorized precision matrices
----	--------------	--

### 5.11.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiISigNR::gradient (
    const vector< double > & viSig,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

**Parameters**

in	<i>viSig</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.11.3.3 logPost()**

```
double MumiISigNR::logPost (
    const vector< double > & viSig ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector.

**Parameters**

in	<i>viSig</i>	parameter vector
----	--------------	------------------

**Returns**

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.11.3.4 operator=()**

```
MumiISigNR & MumiISigNR::operator= (
    MumiISigNR && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object

## 5.11.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.11.4.1 invAsq\_

`double BayesicSpace::MumiISigNR::invAsq_ [protected]`

Prior inverse-variance.

Inverse variance of the prior. Should be set to a large value for a vague prior.

### 5.11.4.2 La\_

`MatrixView BayesicSpace::MumiISigNR::La_ [mutable], [protected]`

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLa_`.

### 5.11.4.3 nu0\_

`double BayesicSpace::MumiISigNR::nu0_ [protected]`

Prior degrees of freedom.

Degrees of freedom of the half- $t$  prior distribution on the covariance matrix. If  $\nu_0 = 2$ , the prior is half-Cauchy. Should not be large for a vague prior.

### 5.11.4.4 nuc\_

`NumerUtil BayesicSpace::MumiISigNR::nuc_ [protected]`

Numerical utility collection

### 5.11.4.5 vLa\_

`vector<double> BayesicSpace::MumiISigNR::vLa_ [mutable], [protected]`

Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.

Vectorized line unity triangular matrix ( $L_A$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

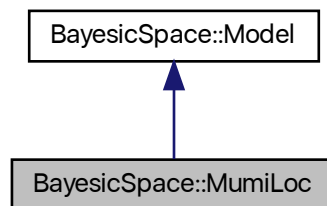
- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.12 BayesicSpace::MumiLoc Class Reference

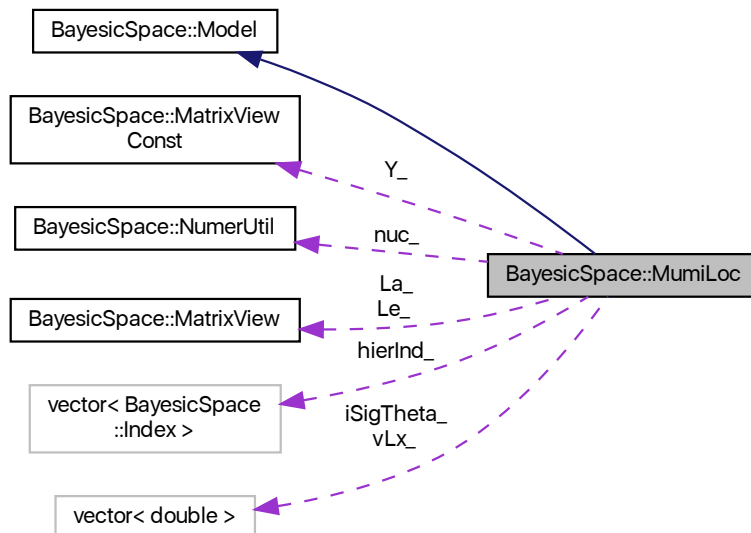
Mixture model for location parameters.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiLoc:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiLoc:



## Public Member Functions

- [MumiLoc](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MumiLoc](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const vector< double > \*iSigVec, const vector< [Index](#) > \*hierInd, const double &tau, const size\_t &nPops, const double &tauPrPhi, const double &alphaPr)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MumiLoc](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MumiLoc](#) (const [MumiLoc](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MumiLoc](#) & operator= (const [MumiLoc](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [MumiLoc](#) ([MumiLoc](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MumiLoc](#) & operator= ([MumiLoc](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &theta) const override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &theta, vector< double > &grad) const override  
*Gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandISvec\\_](#) () const  
*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*

## Protected Attributes

- [MatrixViewConst Y\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of data.*
- const vector< [Index](#) > \* [hierInd\\_](#)  
*Pointer to vector of indexes connecting hierarchy levels.*
- double [tau0\\_](#)  
*Fixed prior precision for unmodeled effects.*
- const vector< double > \* [iSigTheta\\_](#)  
*Pointer to a precision parameter vector.*
- [MatrixView Le\\_](#)  
*Error factorized precision matrix view.*
- [MatrixView La\\_](#)  
*Line factorized precision matrix view.*
- vector< double > [vLx\\_](#)  
*Expanded  $L$  matrices.*
- size\_t [fTelnd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_E$  element.*
- size\_t [fLaInd\\_](#)

- [Index of the first  \$L\_A\$  element.](#)
- `size_t fTalnd_`  
[Index of the first  \$T\_A\$  element.](#)
- `size_t fTplnd_`  
[Index of the first  \$T\_P\$  element.](#)
- `size_t PhiBegInd_`  
[Index of the first probability element.](#)
- `size_t Npop_`  
*Number of populations.*
- `double tauPrPhi_`  
*The  $\tau_\phi$  prior precision.*
- `double alphaPr_`  
*Prior population assignment probability.*
- `NumerUtil nuc_`

## Static Protected Attributes

- `static const double pSumCutOff_ = 0.003`  
*Cut-off for  $p_{jm}$  approximation.*

### 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Mixture model for location parameters.

Implements log-posterior and gradient for the location parameters of the multiplicative mixture model with replicated observations.

### 5.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.12.2.1 MumiLoc() [1/2]

```
MumiLoc::MumiLoc (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const vector< double > * iSigVec,
    const vector< Index > * hierInd,
    const double & tau,
    const size_t & nPops,
    const double & tauPrPhi,
    const double & alphaPr )
```

Constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer vectorized data matrix
in	<i>iSigVec</i>	pointer to vectorized inverse-covariance matrix collection
in	<i>xVec</i>	pointer to vectorized covariate predictor matrix
in	<i>hierInd</i>	pointer to vector of hierarchical indexes
in	<i>tau</i>	fixed prior for the unmodeled ("fixed") effects and overall mean (intercept)
in	<i>nPops</i>	number of populations
in	<i>tauPrPhi</i>	$\tau_\phi$ population assignment probability prior precision
in	<i>alphaPr</i>	prior on $\alpha$ on population assignment probabilities

## 5.12.2.2 MumiLoc() [2/2]

```
MumiLoc::MumiLoc (
    MumiLoc && in )
```

Move constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

## 5.12.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.12.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiLoc::expandISvec_ ( ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_X$  matrices contained in the precision matrix vector into the internal  $L_*$  vector. The input vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrices.

## 5.12.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiLoc::gradient (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

**Parameters**

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.12.3.3 logPost()**

```
double MumiLoc::logPost (
    const vector< double > & theta ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector. The parameter vector has the covariates, line means, and population means in that order.

**Parameters**

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
----	--------------	------------------

**Returns**

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.12.3.4 operator=()**

```
MumiLoc & MumiLoc::operator= (
    MumiLoc && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object



## 5.12.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.12.4.1 La\_

`MatrixView` BayesicSpace::MumiLoc::La\_ [mutable], [protected]

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLx_`.

### 5.12.4.2 Le\_

`MatrixView` BayesicSpace::MumiLoc::Le\_ [mutable], [protected]

Error factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLx_`.

### 5.12.4.3 nuc\_

`NumerUtil` BayesicSpace::MumiLoc::nuc\_ [protected]

Numerical utility collection

### 5.12.4.4 vLx\_

`vector<double>` BayesicSpace::MumiLoc::vLx\_ [mutable], [protected]

Expanded  $L$  matrices.

Vectorized error and line unity triangular matrices ( $L_X$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

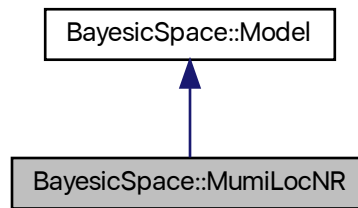
- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.13 BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR Class Reference

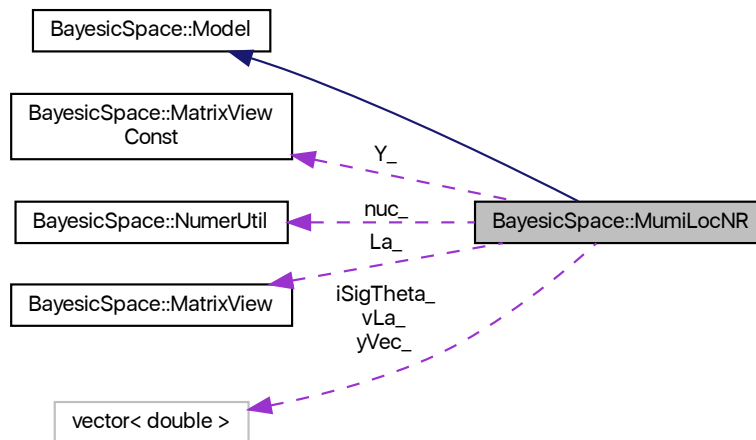
Mixture model for location parameters, no replication.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR:



### Public Member Functions

- [MumiLocNR \(\)](#)

*Default constructor.*

- [MumiLocNR](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const size\_t &d, const vector< double > \*iSigVec, const double &tau, const size\_t &nPops, const double &alphaPr)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MumiLocNR](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MumiLocNR](#) (const [MumiLocNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MumiLocNR](#) & operator= (const [MumiLocNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [MumiLocNR](#) ([MumiLocNR](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MumiLocNR](#) & operator= ([MumiLocNR](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &theta) const override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &theta, vector< double > &grad) const override  
*Gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandISvec\\_](#) () const  
*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*

## Protected Attributes

- const vector< double > \* [yVec\\_](#)  
*Pointer to the data vector.*
- [MatrixViewConst](#) [Y\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of data.*
- double [tau0\\_](#)  
*Fixed prior precision for unmodeled effects.*
- const vector< double > \* [iSigTheta\\_](#)  
*Pointer to a precision parameter vector.*
- [MatrixView](#) [La\\_](#)  
*Line factorized precision matrix view.*
- vector< double > [vLa\\_](#)  
*Expanded  $\mathbf{L}_A$  matrix.*
- size\_t [fTaInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $\mathbf{T}_A$  element.*
- size\_t [fTpInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $\mathbf{T}_P$  element.*
- size\_t [PhiBegInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first probability element.*
- size\_t [Npop\\_](#)  
*Number of populations.*
- double [alphaPr\\_](#)  
*Prior population assignment probability  $\alpha_0 - 1$ .*
- [NumerUtil](#) [nuc\\_](#)

### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Mixture model for location parameters, no replication.

Implements log-posterior and gradient for the location parameters of the multiplicative mixture model with no replication.

### 5.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.13.2.1 MumiLocNR() [1/2]

```
MumiLocNR::MumiLocNR (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const size_t & d,
    const vector< double > * iSigVec,
    const double & tau,
    const size_t & nPops,
    const double & alphaPr )
```

Constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer vectorized data matrix
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in	<i>iSigVec</i>	pointer to vectorized inverse-covariance matrix collection
in	<i>xVec</i>	pointer to vectorized covariate predictor matrix
in	<i>tau</i>	fixed prior for the unmodeled ("fixed") effects and overall mean (intercept)
in	<i>nPops</i>	number of populations
in	<i>alphaPr</i>	prior on $\alpha$ on population assignment probabilities

#### 5.13.2.2 MumiLocNR() [2/2]

```
MumiLocNR::MumiLocNR (
    MumiLocNR && in )
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

### 5.13.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.13.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiLocNR::expandISvec_ ( ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_X$  matrices contained in the precision matrix vector into the internal  $L_*$  vector. The input vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrices.

#### 5.13.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiLocNR::gradient (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

##### Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

#### 5.13.3.3 logPost()

```
double MumiLocNR::logPost (
    const vector< double > & theta ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector. The parameter vector has the population means and population assignment probabilities in that order.

##### Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
----	--------------	------------------

**Returns**

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.13.3.4 operator=()**

```
MumLocNR & MumLocNR::operator= (
    MumLocNR && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<code>in</code>	object to be moved
-----------------	-----------------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object

**5.13.4 Member Data Documentation****5.13.4.1 La\_**

```
MatrixView BayesicSpace::MumLocNR::La_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLa_`.

**5.13.4.2 nuc\_**

```
NumerUtil BayesicSpace::MumLocNR::nuc_ [protected]
```

Numerical utility collection

### 5.13.4.3 vLa\_

```
vector<double> BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR::vLa_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.

Vectorized line unity triangular matrix ( $L_A$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

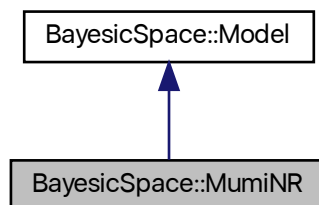
- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.14 BayesicSpace::MumiNR Class Reference

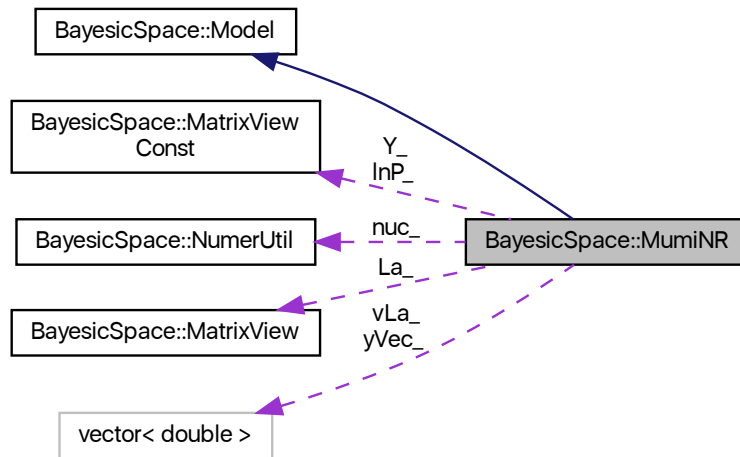
No-replication multiplicative mixture model parameter component.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiNR:



Collaboration diagram for BayesianSpace::MumiNR:



## Public Member Functions

- [MumiNR](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MumiNR](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const vector< double > \*InpVec, const size\_t &d, const size\_t &Npop, const double &tau0, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MumiNR](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MumiNR](#) (const [MumiNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MumiNR](#) & [operator=](#) (const [MumiNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [MumiNR](#) ([MumiNR](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MumiNR](#) & [operator=](#) ([MumiNR](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &theta) const override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &theta, vector< double > &grad) const override  
*Gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandSVec\\_](#) (const vector< double > &theta) const  
*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*



## Protected Attributes

- const vector< double > \* [yVec\\_](#)  
*Pointer to the data vector.*
- [MatrixViewConst Y\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of data.*
- [MatrixViewConst InP\\_](#)  
*Population assignment log-probability matrix.*
- [MatrixView La\\_](#)  
*Line factorized precision matrix view.*
- vector< double > [vLa\\_](#)  
*Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.*
- double [tau0\\_](#)  
*Grand mean prior precision.*
- double [nu0\\_](#)  
*Prior degrees of freedom.*
- double [invAsq\\_](#)  
*Prior inverse-variance.*
- size\_t [LaInd\\_](#)  
*First element of the among-individual inverse-covariances.*
- size\_t [TaInd\\_](#)  
*First element of the among-individual precisions.*
- size\_t [TpInd\\_](#)  
*First element of the among-population precisions.*
- double [NAnd\\_](#)  
 $N_A + nu0 + 2d.$
- double [NPnd\\_](#)  
 $N_P + nu0 + 2d.$
- double [nxnd\\_](#)  
 $nu0*(nu0 + 2d)$
- [NumerUtil nuc\\_](#)

## Static Protected Attributes

- static const double [lnMaxDbf\\_](#) = log( numeric\_limits<double>::max() )  
*Natural log of  $DBL\_MAX$*

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

No-replication multiplicative mixture model parameter component.

Models all mixture model components given population assignment probabilities. Implements the log-posterior and gradient methods.

## 5.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.14.2.1 MumiNR() [1/2]

```
MumiNR::MumiNR (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const vector< double > * InpVec,
    const size_t & d,
    const size_t & Npop,
    const double & tau0,
    const double & nu0,
    const double & invAsq )
```

Constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to the data vectorized matrix
in	<i>InpVec</i>	pointer to the population assignment log-probability vectorized matrix
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in	<i>Npop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>tau0</i>	grand mean prior precision
in	<i>nu0</i>	inverse covariance prior degrees of freedom
in	<i>invAsq</i>	inverse covariance prior precision

### 5.14.2.2 MumiNR() [2/2]

```
MumiNR::MumiNR (
    MumiNR && in )
```

Move constructor.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

## 5.14.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.14.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiNR::expandISvec_ (
    const vector< double > & theta ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_A$  matrix contained in the precision matrix portion of the parameter vector into the internal  $L_+$  vector. The parameter vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrix.

#### Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	the parameter vector
----	--------------	----------------------

### 5.14.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiNR::gradient (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.

#### Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	parameter vector
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesianSpace::Model](#).

### 5.14.3.3 logPost()

```
double MumiNR::logPost (
    const vector< double > & theta ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector. The parameter vector has population means, among-individual inverse covariances, among-individual precisions, and among-population precisions in that order.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<code>theta</code>	parameter vector
-----------------	--------------------	------------------

**Returns**

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesianSpace::Model](#).

**5.14.3.4 operator=()**

```
MumiNR & MumiNR::operator= (
    MumiNR && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<code>in</code>	object to be moved
-----------------	-----------------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object

**5.14.4 Member Data Documentation****5.14.4.1 invAsq\_**

```
double BayesianSpace::MumiNR::invAsq_ [protected]
```

Prior inverse-variance.

Inverse variance of the prior. Should be set to a large value for a vague prior.

**5.14.4.2 La\_**

```
MatrixView BayesianSpace::MumiNR::La_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to `vLa_`.

### 5.14.4.3 nu0\_

```
double BayesianSpace::MumiNR::nu0_ [protected]
```

Prior degrees of freedom.

Degrees of freedom of the half- $t$  prior distribution on the covariance matrix. If  $\nu_0 = 2$ , the prior is half-Cauchy. Should not be large for a vague prior.

### 5.14.4.4 nuc\_

```
NumerUtil BayesianSpace::MumiNR::nuc_ [protected]
```

Numerical utility collection

### 5.14.4.5 vLa\_

```
vector<double> BayesianSpace::MumiNR::vLa_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.

Vectorized line unity triangular matrix ( $L_A$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

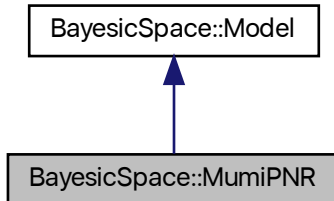
- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.15 BayesianSpace::MumiPNR Class Reference

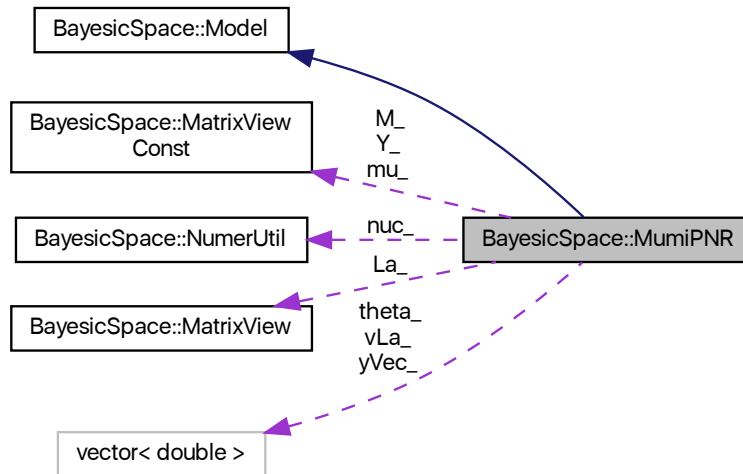
Population assignment probability component.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesianSpace::MumiPNR:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::MumiPNR:



## Public Member Functions

- [MumiPNR](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [MumiPNR](#) (const vector< double > \*yVec, const vector< double > \*theta, const size\_t &d, const size\_t &Npop, const double &alphaPr)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MumiPNR](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [MumiPNR](#) (const [MumiPNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [MumiPNR](#) & operator= (const [MumiPNR](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment (deleted)*
- [MumiPNR](#) ([MumiPNR](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [MumiPNR](#) & operator= ([MumiPNR](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- double [logPost](#) (const vector< double > &vPhi) const override  
*Log-posterior function.*
- void [gradient](#) (const vector< double > &vPhi, vector< double > &grad) const override  
*Gradient of the log-posterior.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [expandSvec\\_](#) () const  
*Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.*

## Protected Attributes

- `const vector< double > * yVec_`  
*Pointer to vectorized data.*
- `MatrixViewConst Y_`  
*Matrix view of data.*
- `double alphaPr_`  
*Prior population proportions.*
- `const vector< double > * theta_`  
*Pointer to model data.*
- `MatrixViewConst M_`
- `MatrixViewConst mu_`
- `MatrixView La_`  
*Line factorized precision matrix view.*
- `vector< double > vLa_`  
*Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.*
- `size_t LaIInd_`  
*First element of the among-individual inverse-covariances.*
- `size_t TaIInd_`  
*First element of the among-individual precisions.*
- `size_t TplInd_`  
*First element of the among-population precisions.*
- `NumerUtil nuc_`

### 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Population assignment probability component.

Models population assignment probabilities given current values of parameters for the rest of the unreplicated hierarchical model. Implements log-posterior and gradient methods.

### 5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.15.2.1 MumiPNR() [1/2]

```
MumiPNR::MumiPNR (
    const vector< double > * yVec,
    const vector< double > * theta,
    const size_t & d,
    const size_t & Npop,
    const double & alphaPr )
```

Constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>yVec</i>	pointer to the data vector
in	<i>theta</i>	pointer to hierarchical model parameters
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in	<i>Npop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>alphaPr</i>	prior population proportions

## 5.15.2.2 MumiPNR() [2/2]

```
MumiPNR::MumiPNR (
    MumiPNR && in )
```

Move constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to move
----	-----------	----------------

## 5.15.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.15.3.1 expandISvec\_()

```
void MumiPNR::expandISvec_ ( ) const [protected]
```

Expand the vector of factorized precision matrices.

Expands the triangular  $L_A$  matrix contained in the precision matrix portion of the parameter vector into the internal  $L_$  vector. The parameter vector stores only the non-zero elements of these matrix.

## 5.15.3.2 gradient()

```
void MumiPNR::gradient (
    const vector< double > & vPhi,
    vector< double > & grad ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gradient of the log-posterior.

Calculates the partial derivative of the log-posterior for each element in the provided parameter vector.



**Parameters**

in	<i>vPhi</i>	vectorized matrix of transformed population assignment probabilities
out	<i>grad</i>	partial derivative (gradient) vector

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.15.3.3 logPost()**

```
double MumiPNR::logPost (
    const vector< double > & vPhi ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Log-posterior function.

Returns the value of the log-posterior given the data provided at construction and the passed-in parameter vector. The parameter vector has population means, among-individual inverse covariances, among-individual precisions, and among-population precisions in that order.

**Parameters**

in	<i>vPhi</i>	vectorized matrix of transformed population assignment probabilities
----	-------------	--

**Returns**

Value of the log-posterior

Implements [BayesicSpace::Model](#).

**5.15.3.4 operator=()**

```
MumiPNR & MumiPNR::operator= (
    MumiPNR && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

target object

## 5.15.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.15.4.1 alphaPr\_

```
double BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::alphaPr_ [protected]
```

Prior population proportions.

To save computation, actually stores  $\alpha - 1$

### 5.15.4.2 La\_

```
MatrixView BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::La_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Line factorized precision matrix view.

Points to vLa\_.

### 5.15.4.3 M\_

```
MatrixViewConst BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::M_ [protected]
```

Population mean matrix view

### 5.15.4.4 mu\_

```
MatrixViewConst BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::mu_ [protected]
```

Overall mean matrix view

### 5.15.4.5 nuc\_

```
NumerUtil BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::nuc_ [protected]
```

Numerical utility collection

### 5.15.4.6 vLa\_

```
vector<double> BayesicSpace::MumiPNR::vLa_ [mutable], [protected]
```

Expanded  $L_A$  matrix.

Vectorized line unity triangular matrix ( $L_A$  in the model description).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)

## 5.16 BayesicSpace::NumerUtil Class Reference

Numerical utilities collection.

```
#include <utilities.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- void [swapXOR](#) (size\_t &i, size\_t &j) const  
*Swap two size\_t values.*
- void [insertionSort](#) (const vector< size\_t > &vec, vector< size\_t > &ind) const  
*Insertion sort.*
- double [logit](#) (const double &p) const  
*Logit function.*
- double [logistic](#) (const double &x) const  
*Logistic function.*
- void [sort](#) (const vector< double > &target, vector< size\_t > &outIdx) const  
*Shell sort.*
- double [lnGamma](#) (const double &x) const  
*Logarithm of the Gamma function.*
- double [digamma](#) (const double &x) const  
*Digamma function.*
- void [phi2p](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &Phi, [MatrixView](#) &P) const
- void [phi2lnp](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &Phi, [MatrixView](#) &lnP) const
- void [w2p](#) (const [MatrixViewConst](#) &W, [MatrixView](#) &P) const
- void [phi2p](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &Phi, [MatrixView](#) &P) const
- void [phi2lnp](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &Phi, [MatrixView](#) &lnP) const
- void [w2p](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &W, [MatrixView](#) &P) const
- double [dotProd](#) (const vector< double > &v) const  
*Vector self-dot-product.*
- double [dotProd](#) (const vector< double > &v1, const vector< double > &v2) const  
*Dot-product of two vectors.*
- void [updateWeightedMean](#) (const double &xn, const double &wn, double &mu, double &w) const  
*Weighted mean update.*
- double [mean](#) (const double arr[], const size\_t &len)  
*Mean of an array.*

### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Numerical utilities collection.

Implements numerical functions for use throughout the project.

### 5.16.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.16.2.1 digamma()

```
double NumerUtil::digamma (
    const double & x ) const
```

Digamma function.

Defined only for  $x > 0$ , will return *NaN* otherwise. Adopted from the `dpsifn` function in R.

##### Parameters

in	x	function argument (must be positive)
----	---	--------------------------------------

##### Returns

value of the digamma function

#### 5.16.2.2 dotProd() [1/2]

```
double NumerUtil::dotProd (
    const vector< double > & v ) const
```

Vector self-dot-product.

##### Parameters

in	v	vector
----	---	--------

##### Returns

dot-product value

**5.16.2.3 dotProd()** [2/2]

```
double NumerUtil::dotProd (
    const vector< double > & v1,
    const vector< double > & v2 ) const
```

Dot-product of two vectors.

**Parameters**

in	<i>v1</i>	vector 1
in	<i>v2</i>	vector 2

**Returns**

dot-product value

**5.16.2.4 insertionSort()**

```
void NumerUtil::insertionSort (
    const vector< size_t > & vec,
    vector< size_t > & ind ) const
```

Insertion sort.

Performs an insertion sort on a vector, outputting the position of each element in a sorted vector. Sorting is done in order of increase.

**Parameters**

in	<i>vec</i>	vector to be sorted
out	<i>ind</i>	vector of sorted indexes, will replace contents of non-empty vector

**5.16.2.5 lnGamma()**

```
double NumerUtil::lnGamma (
    const double & x ) const
```

Logarithm of the Gamma function.

The log of the  $\Gamma(x)$  function. Implementing the Lanczos algorithm following Numerical Recipes in C++.

**Parameters**

in	$x$	value
----	-----	-------

**Returns**

$\log \Gamma(x)$

**5.16.2.6 logistic()**

```
double NumerUtil::logistic (
    const double & x ) const
```

Logistic function.

There is a guard against under- and overflow: the function returns 0.0 for  $x \leq -35.0$  and 1.0 for  $x \geq 35.0$ .

**Parameters**

in	$x$	value to be projected to the (0, 1) interval
----	-----	--

**Returns**

logistic transformation

**5.16.2.7 logit()**

```
double BayesicSpace::NumerUtil::logit (
    const double & p ) const [inline]
```

Logit function.

**Parameters**

in	$p$	probability in the (0, 1) interval
----	-----	------------------------------------

**Returns**

logit transformation

### 5.16.2.8 mean()

```
double NumerUtil::mean (
    const double arr[],
    const size_t & len )
```

Mean of an array.

Uses the numerically stable recursive algorithm.

#### Parameters

in	<i>arr</i>	c-style array of values
in	<i>len</i>	array length

#### Returns

mean value

### 5.16.2.9 phi2lnp() [1/2]

```
void NumerUtil::phi2lnp (
    const MatrixView & Phi,
    MatrixView & lnP ) const
```

brief Unrestricted  $\Phi$  to log-probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free logit-space population assignment probability matrix to the true log-probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1). The  $\Phi$  matrix must have one fewer columns than  $\ln(P)$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>Phi</i>	free-parameter matrix
out	<i>lnP</i>	population assignment probability matrix

### 5.16.2.10 phi2lnp() [2/2]

```
void NumerUtil::phi2lnp (
    const MatrixViewConst & Phi,
    MatrixView & lnP ) const
```

brief Unrestricted  $\Phi$  to log-probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free logit-space population assignment probability matrix to the true log-probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1). The  $\Phi$  matrix must have one fewer columns than  $\ln(P)$ .



## Parameters

in	<i>Phi</i>	free-parameter matrix
out	<i>InP</i>	population assignment probability matrix

## 5.16.2.11 phi2p() [1/2]

```
void NumerUtil::phi2p (
    const MatrixView & Phi,
    MatrixView & P ) const
```

brief Unrestricted  $\Phi$  to probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free logit-space population assignment probability matrix to the true probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1).

## Parameters

in	<i>Phi</i>	the free-parameter matrix
out	<i>P</i>	the population assignment probability matrix

## 5.16.2.12 phi2p() [2/2]

```
void NumerUtil::phi2p (
    const MatrixViewConst & Phi,
    MatrixView & P ) const
```

brief Unrestricted  $\Phi$  to probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free logit-space population assignment probability matrix to the true probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1). The  $\Phi$  matrix must have one fewer columns than *P*.

## Parameters

in	<i>Phi</i>	free-parameter matrix
out	<i>P</i>	population assignment probability matrix

**5.16.2.13 sort()**

```
void NumerUtil::sort (
    const vector< double > & target,
    vector< size_t > & outIdx ) const
```

Shell sort.

Sorts the provided vector in ascending order using Shell's method. Rather than move the elements themselves, save their indexes to the output vector. The first element of the index vector points to the smallest element of the input vector etc. The implementation is modified from code in Numerical Recipes in C++. NOTE: This algorithm is too slow for vectors of > 50 elements. I am using it for population projection ordering, where the number of populations will typically not exceed 10.

**Parameters**

in	<i>target</i>	vector to be sorted
out	<i>outIdx</i>	vector of indexes

**5.16.2.14 swapXOR()**

```
void NumerUtil::swapXOR (
    size_t & i,
    size_t & j ) const
```

Swap two `size_t` values.

Uses the three XORs trick to swap two integers. Safe if the variables happen to refer to the same address.

**Parameters**

in, out	<i>i</i>	first integer
in, out	<i>j</i>	second integer

**5.16.2.15 updateWeightedMean()**

```
void NumerUtil::updateWeightedMean (
    const double & xn,
    const double & wn,
    double & mu,
    double & w ) const
```

Weighted mean update.

Takes the current weighted mean and updates using the new data point and weight. The formula is

$$\bar{\mu}_n = \frac{\bar{\mu}_{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} w_i + w_n x_n}{\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} w_i + w_n}$$

#### Parameters

in	$x_n$	new point $x_n$
in	$w_n$	weight $w_n$
out	$\mu$	new mean
out	$w$	new weight

#### 5.16.2.16 w2p() [1/2]

```
void NumerUtil::w2p (
    const MatrixView & W,
    MatrixView & P ) const
```

brief Weight matrix to probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free population assignment weight ( $w = \text{logistic}(\phi)$ ) matrix to the true probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1).

#### Parameters

in	$W$	the free-parameter matrix
out	$P$	the population assignment probability matrix

#### 5.16.2.17 w2p() [2/2]

```
void NumerUtil::w2p (
    const MatrixViewConst & W,
    MatrixView & P ) const
```

brief Weight matrix  $W$  to probability matrix conversion

Does the hyper-spherical back-transformation of the free population assignment weight ( $w = \text{logistic}(\phi)$ ) matrix to the true probability matrix (with all rows summing to 1).

#### Parameters

in	$W$	free-parameter matrix
out	$P$	population assignment probability matrix

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/utilities.hpp](#)
- [src/utilities.cpp](#)

## 5.17 BayesianSpace::RanDraw Class Reference

Random number generating class.

```
#include <random.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [RanDraw](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [~RanDraw](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- [RanDraw](#) (const [RanDraw](#) &old)=default  
*Copy constructor.*
- [RanDraw](#) ([RanDraw](#) &&old)=default  
*Move constructor.*
- [RanDraw](#) & [operator=](#) (const [RanDraw](#) &old)=default  
*Copy assignment.*
- [RanDraw](#) & [operator=](#) ([RanDraw](#) &&old)=default  
*Move assignment.*
- string [type](#) () const  
*Query RNG kind.*
- uint64\_t [ranInt](#) () const  
*Generate random integer.*
- uint64\_t [sampleInt](#) (const uint64\_t &max) const  
*Sample and integer from the  $[0, n)$  interval.*
- uint64\_t [sampleInt](#) (const uint64\_t &min, const uint64\_t &max) const  
*Sample and integer from the  $[m, n)$  interval.*
- vector< uint64\_t > [shuffleUInt](#) (const uint64\_t &N)  
*Draw non-negative intergers in random order.*
- double [runif](#) () const  
*Generate a uniform deviate.*
- double [runifnz](#) () const  
*Generate a non-zero uniform deviate.*
- double [runifno](#) () const  
*Generate a non-one uniform deviate.*
- double [runifop](#) () const  
*Generate an open-interval uniform deviate.*
- double [rnorm](#) () const  
*A standard Gaussian deviate.*

- double `rnorm` (const double &sigma) const  
*A zero-mean Gaussian deviate.*
- double `rnorm` (const double &mu, const double &sigma) const  
*A Gaussian deviate.*
- double `rgamma` (const double &alpha) const  
*A standard Gamma deviate.*
- double `rgamma` (const double &alpha, const double &beta) const  
*A general Gamma deviate.*
- void `rdirichlet` (const vector< double > &alpha, vector< double > &p) const  
*A Dirichlet deviate.*
- double `rchisq` (const double &nu) const  
*A chi-square deviate.*
- uint64\_t `vitterA` (const double &n, const double &N) const  
*Sample from Vitter's distribution, method A.*
- uint64\_t `vitter` (const double &n, const double &N) const  
*Sample from Vitter's distribution, method D.*

### 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Random number generating class.

Generates (pseudo-)random deviates from a number of distributions. If hardware random numbers are supported, uses them. Otherwise, falls back to 64-bit MT19937 ("Mersenne Twister").

### 5.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.17.2.1 RanDraw() [1/3]

```
RanDraw::RanDraw ( )
```

Default constructor.

Checks if the processor provides hardware random number support. Seeds the Mersenne Twister if not. Throws "CPU↔U\_unsupported" string object if the CPU is not AMD or Intel.

#### 5.17.2.2 RanDraw() [2/3]

```
BayesicSpace::RanDraw::RanDraw (
    const RanDraw & old ) [default]
```

Copy constructor.

**Parameters**

in	<i>old</i>	object to be copied
----	------------	---------------------

**5.17.2.3 RanDraw() [3/3]**

```
BayesicSpace::RanDraw::RanDraw (  
    RanDraw && old ) [default]
```

Move constructor.

**Parameters**

in	<i>old</i>	object to be moved
----	------------	--------------------

**5.17.3 Member Function Documentation****5.17.3.1 operator=() [1/2]**

```
RanDraw& BayesicSpace::RanDraw::operator= (  
    const RanDraw & old ) [default]
```

Copy assignment.

**Parameters**

in	<i>old</i>	object to be copied
----	------------	---------------------

**5.17.3.2 operator=() [2/2]**

```
RanDraw& BayesicSpace::RanDraw::operator= (  
    RanDraw && old ) [default]
```

Move assignment.

## Parameters

in	old	object to be moved
----	-----	--------------------

### 5.17.3.3 ranInt()

```
uint64_t BayesianSpace::RanDraw::ranInt ( ) const [inline]
```

Generate random integer.

## Returns

An unsigned random 64-bit integer

### 5.17.3.4 rchisq()

```
double BayesianSpace::RanDraw::rchisq (
    const double & nu ) const [inline]
```

A chi-square deviate.

Generates a  $\chi^2$  random variable with degrees of freedom  $\nu > 0.0$ .

## Parameters

in	nu	degrees of freedom
----	----	--------------------

## Returns

a sample from the  $\chi^2$  distribution

### 5.17.3.5 rdirichlet()

```
void RanDraw::rdirichlet (
    const vector< double > & alpha,
    vector< double > & p ) const
```

A Dirichlet deviate.

Generates a vector of probabilities, given a vector of concentration parameters  $\alpha_K > 0$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>alpha</i>	vector of concentration parameters
out	<i>p</i>	vector of probabilities, must be the same length as $\alpha$ .

**5.17.3.6 rgamma()** [1/2]

```
double RanDraw::rgamma (
    const double & alpha ) const
```

A standard Gamma deviate.

Generates a Gamma random variable with shape  $\alpha > 0$  and standard scale  $\beta = 1.0$ . Implements the Marsaglia and Tsang (2000) method.

## Parameters

in	<i>alpha</i>	shape parameter $\alpha$
----	--------------	--------------------------

## Returns

a sample from the standard Gamma distribution

**5.17.3.7 rgamma()** [2/2]

```
double BayesicSpace::RanDraw::rgamma (
    const double & alpha,
    const double & beta ) const [inline]
```

A general Gamma deviate.

Generates a Gamma random variable with shape  $\alpha > 0$  and scale  $\beta > 0$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>alpha</i>	shape parameter $\alpha$
in	<i>beta</i>	scale parameter $\beta$



**Returns**

a sample from the general Gamma distribution

**5.17.3.8 rnorm()** [1/3]

```
double RanDraw::rnorm ( ) const
```

A standard Gaussian deviate.

Generates a Gaussian random value with mean  $\mu = 0.0$  and standard deviation  $\sigma = 1.0$ . Implemented using a version of the Marsaglia and Tsang (2000) ziggurat algorithm, modified according to suggestions in the GSL implementation of the function.

**Returns**

a sample from the standard Gaussian distribution

**5.17.3.9 rnorm()** [2/3]

```
double BayesicSpace::RanDraw::rnorm (
    const double & mu,
    const double & sigma ) const [inline]
```

A Gaussian deviate.

Generates a Gaussian random value with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . Implemented using a version of the Marsaglia and Tsang (2000) ziggurat algorithm, modified according to suggestions in the GSL implementation of the function.

**Parameters**

in	<i>mu</i>	standard deviation
in	<i>sigma</i>	standard deviation

**Returns**

a sample from the Gaussian distribution

### 5.17.3.10 `rnorm()` [3/3]

```
double BayesianSpace::RandDraw::rnorm (
    const double & sigma ) const [inline]
```

A zero-mean Gaussian deviate.

Generates a Gaussian random value with mean  $\mu = 0.0$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . Implemented using a version of the Marsaglia and Tsang (2000) ziggurat algorithm, modified according to suggestions in the GSL implementation of the function.

#### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code><i>sigma</i></code>	standard deviation
-----------------	---------------------------	--------------------

#### Returns

a sample from the zero-mean Gaussian distribution

### 5.17.3.11 `runif()`

```
double BayesianSpace::RandDraw::runif ( ) const [inline]
```

[Generate](#) a uniform deviate.

#### Returns

A double-precision value from the  $U[0, 1]$  distribution

### 5.17.3.12 `runifno()`

```
double RandDraw::runifno ( ) const
```

[Generate](#) a non-one uniform deviate.

#### Returns

A double-precision value from the  $U[0, 1)$  distribution

### 5.17.3.13 runifnz()

```
double RanDraw::runifnz ( ) const
```

**Generate** a non-zero uniform deviate.

#### Returns

A double-precision value from the  $U(0, 1]$  distribution

### 5.17.3.14 runifop()

```
double RanDraw::runifop ( ) const
```

**Generate** an open-interval uniform deviate.

#### Returns

A double-precision value from the  $U(0, 1)$  distribution

### 5.17.3.15 sampleInt() [1/2]

```
uint64_t BayesicSpace::RanDraw::sampleInt (
    const uint64_t & max ) const [inline]
```

Sample and integer from the  $[0, n)$  interval.

#### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>max</code>	the maximal value $n$ (does not appear in the sample)
-----------------	------------------	---

#### Returns

sampld value

### 5.17.3.16 sampleInt() [2/2]

```
uint64_t RanDraw::sampleInt (
    const uint64_t & min,
    const uint64_t & max ) const
```

Sample and integer from the  $[m, n)$  interval.

Throws `string` "Lower bound not smaller than upper bound" if  $m \geq n$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>min</i>	the minimal value $m$ (can appear in the sample)
in	<i>max</i>	the maximal value $n$ (does not appear in the sample)

#### Returns

sampled value

### 5.17.3.17 shuffleUint()

```
vector< uint64_t > RanDraw::shuffleUint (
    const uint64_t & N )
```

Draw non-negative intergers in random order.

Uses the Fisher-Yates-Durstenfeld algorithm to produce a random shuffle of integers in  $[0, N)$ .

#### Parameters

in	<i>Nmax</i>	the upper bound of the integer sequence
----	-------------	---

#### Returns

vector of  $N$  shuffled integers

### 5.17.3.18 type()

```
string BayesianSpace::RanDraw::type ( ) const [inline]
```

Query RNG kind.

Find out the kind of (P)RNG in use.

#### Returns

String reflecting the RNG type

**5.17.3.19 vitter()**

```
uint64_t RanDraw::vitter (
    const double & n,
    const double & N ) const
```

Sample from Vitter's distribution, method D.

Given the number of remaining records in a file  $N$  and the number of records  $n$  remaining to be selected, sample the number of records to skip over. This function implements Vitter's **[vitter84a]** **[vitter87a]** method D. It is useful for online one-pass sampling of records from a file. While the inputs are integer, we pass them in as *double* because that is more efficient for calculations.

**Parameters**

in	$n$	number of records remaining to be picked
in	$N$	number of remaining records in the file

**Returns**

the number of records to skip

**5.17.3.20 vitterA()**

```
uint64_t RanDraw::vitterA (
    const double & n,
    const double & N ) const
```

Sample from Vitter's distribution, method A.

Given the number of remaining records in a file  $N$  and the number of records  $n$  remaining to be selected, sample the number of records to skip over. This function implements Vitter's **[vitter84a]** **[vitter87a]** method A. It is useful for online one-pass sampling of records from a file. While the inputs are integer, we pass them in as *double* because that is more efficient for calculations.

**Parameters**

in	$n$	number of records remaining to be picked
in	$N$	number of remaining records in the file

**Returns**

the number of records to skip

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

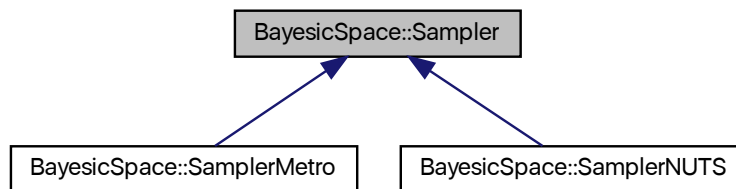
- [src/random.hpp](#)
- [src/random.cpp](#)

## 5.18 BayesicSpace::Sampler Class Reference

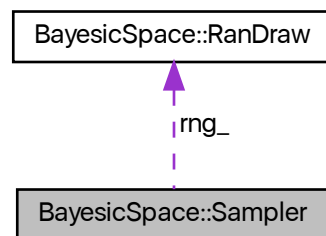
[Sampler](#) abstract base class.

```
#include <sampler.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::Sampler:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::Sampler:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual [~Sampler](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- virtual int16\_t [adapt](#) ()=0  
*Adaptation (burn-in) phase update.*
- virtual int16\_t [update](#) ()=0  
*Sampling phase update.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [Sampler \(\)](#)  
*Default constructor.*

## Protected Attributes

- [RanDraw rng\\_](#)  
*Random number generator.*

### 5.18.1 Detailed Description

[Sampler](#) abstract base class.

Abstract base class for MCMC sampling methods.

### 5.18.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.18.2.1 adapt()

```
virtual int16_t BayesicSpace::Sampler::adapt ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Adaptation (burn-in) phase update.

#### Returns

Implementation-dependent exit value

Implemented in [BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro](#), and [BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS](#).

#### 5.18.2.2 update()

```
virtual int16_t BayesicSpace::Sampler::update ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Sampling phase update.

#### Returns

Implementation-dependent exit value

Implemented in [BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro](#), and [BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

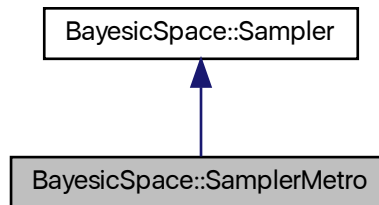
- [src/sampler.hpp](#)

## 5.19 BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro Class Reference

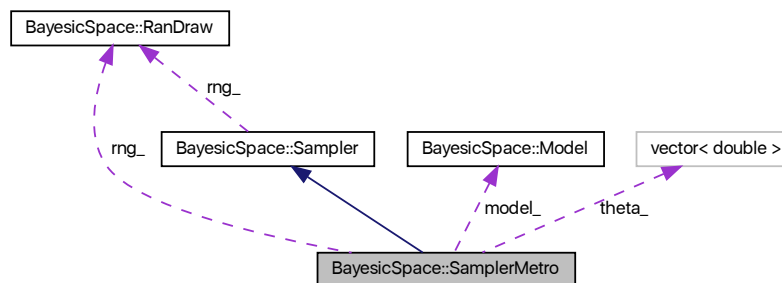
Metropolis sampler.

```
#include <danuts.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro:



Collaboration diagram for BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro:



### Public Member Functions

- [SamplerMetro](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [SamplerMetro](#) (const [Model](#) \*model, vector< double > \*theta, const double &incr)  
*Constructor.*
- [SamplerMetro](#) (const [SamplerMetro](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [SamplerMetro](#) & operator= (const [SamplerMetro](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment operator (deleted)*



- [SamplerMetro](#) ([SamplerMetro](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [SamplerMetro & operator=](#) ([SamplerMetro](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- [~SamplerMetro](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- `int16_t` [adapt](#) () override  
*Adaptation step.*
- `int16_t` [update](#) () override  
*Sampling step.*

## Protected Attributes

- `const` [Model](#) \* [model\\_](#)  
*Pointer to a model object.*
- `vector< double >` \* [theta\\_](#)  
*Pointer to the parameter vector.*
- `double` [incr\\_](#)  
*Gaussian proposal standard deviation (step size)*
- [RanDraw](#) [rng\\_](#)  
*Random number generator.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 5.19.1 Detailed Description

Metropolis sampler.

Simple Metropolis sampler with a Gaussian proposal.

### 5.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.19.2.1 [SamplerMetro\(\)](#) [1/2]

```
BayesianSpace::SamplerMetro::SamplerMetro (
    const Model * model,
    vector< double > * theta,
    const double & incr ) [inline]
```

Constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>model</i>	pointer to a model object that has a logPost() function
in	<i>theta</i>	pointer to a parameter vector
in	<i>incr</i>	standard deviation of the Gaussian proposal

**5.19.2.2 SamplerMetro()** [2/2]

```
SamplerMetro::SamplerMetro (
    SamplerMetro && in )
```

Move constructor.

## Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

**5.19.3 Member Function Documentation****5.19.3.1 adapt()**

```
int16_t SamplerMetro::adapt ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Adaptation step.

## Returns

accept/reject indicator (1 for accept, 0 for reject)

Implements [BayesicSpace::Sampler](#).

**5.19.3.2 operator=()**

```
SamplerMetro & SamplerMetro::operator= (
    SamplerMetro && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

**Parameters**

<code>in</code>	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
-----------------	-----------	--------------------

**Returns**

Output object

**5.19.3.3 update()**

```
int16_t SamplerMetro::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Sampling step.

**Returns**

accept/reject indicator (1 for accept, 0 for reject)

Implements [BayesicSpace::Sampler](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

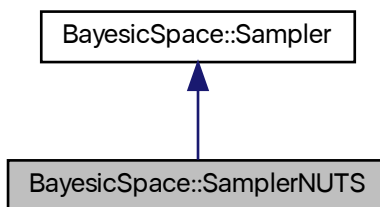
- [src/danuts.hpp](#)
- [src/danuts.cpp](#)

## 5.20 BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS Class Reference

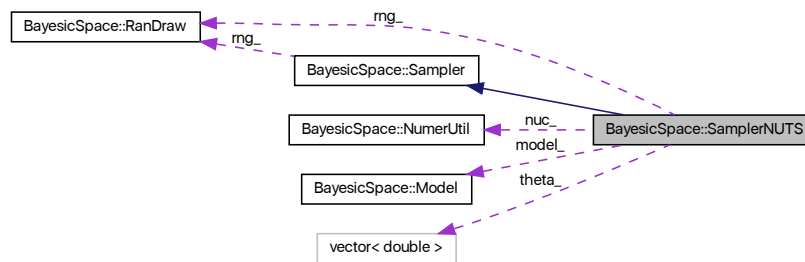
NUTS sampler class.

```
#include <danuts.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS:



Collaboration diagram for BayesianSpace::SamplerNUTS:



## Public Member Functions

- [SamplerNUTS](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [SamplerNUTS](#) (const [Model](#) \*model, vector< double > \*theta)  
*Constructor.*
- [SamplerNUTS](#) (const [SamplerNUTS](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
- [SamplerNUTS](#) & operator= (const [SamplerNUTS](#) &in)=delete  
*Copy assignment operator (deleted)*
- [SamplerNUTS](#) ([SamplerNUTS](#) &&in)  
*Move constructor.*
- [SamplerNUTS](#) & operator= ([SamplerNUTS](#) &&in)  
*Move assignment operator.*
- [~SamplerNUTS](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- double [getEpsilon](#) () const  
*Get the current step size  $\epsilon$ .*
- int16\_t [adapt](#) () override  
*Adaptation phase of the NUTS updating.*
- int16\_t [update](#) () override  
*NUTS update of parameters.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [findInitialEpsilon\\_](#) ()  
*Initialize step size.*
- void [leapfrog\\_](#) (vector< double > &theta, vector< double > &r, const double &epsilon)  
*Single leapfrog step.*
- void [buildTreePos\\_](#) (const vector< double > &theta, const vector< double > &r, const double &lu, const double &epsilon, const uint16\_t &j, vector< double > &thetaPlus, vector< double > &rPlus, const vector< double > &thetaMinus, const vector< double > &rMinus, vector< double > &thetaPrime, double &nPrime, char &s)

*Positive tree building function for the NUTS algorithm.*

- void `buildTreeNeg_` (const vector< double > &theta, const vector< double > &r, const double &lu, const double &epsilon, const uint16\_t &j, const vector< double > &thetaPlus, const vector< double > &rPlus, vector< double > &thetaMinus, vector< double > &rMinus, vector< double > &thetaPrime, double &nPrime, char &s)

*Negative tree building function for the NUTS algorithm.*

- void `buildTreePos_` (const vector< double > &theta, const vector< double > &r, const double &lu, const double &epsilon, const uint16\_t &j, vector< double > &thetaPlus, vector< double > &rPlus, const vector< double > &thetaMinus, const vector< double > &rMinus, vector< double > &thetaPrime, double &nPrime, char &s, double &alphaPrime, double &nAlphaPrime)

*Positive tree building function for the NUTS dual-averaging algorithm.*

- void `buildTreeNeg_` (const vector< double > &theta, const vector< double > &r, const double &lu, const double &epsilon, const uint16\_t &j, const vector< double > &thetaPlus, const vector< double > &rPlus, vector< double > &thetaMinus, vector< double > &rMinus, vector< double > &thetaPrime, double &nPrime, char &s, double &alphaPrime, double &nAlphaPrime)

*Negative tree building function for the NUTS dual-averaging algorithm.*

## Protected Attributes

- `RanDraw rng_`  
*Random numbers.*
- `NumerUtil nuc_`  
*Numerical method collection.*
- double `epsilon_`  
*HMC step size parameter  $\epsilon$ .*
- double `mu_`  
*Shrinkage point  $\mu$ .*
- double `nH0_`  
*Store the  $-H(\theta^0, r^0)$  for each DA step here.*
- double `m_`  
*Warm-up step number.*
- double `Hprevious_`  
*The value  $\bar{H}_{m-1}$  of the  $H_t$  statistic from the previous warm-up step.*
- double `logEpsBarPrevious_`  
*The value  $\log \bar{\epsilon}_{m-1}$  of  $\epsilon$  being optimized, from the previous warm-up step.*
- double `lastEpsilons_ [20]`  
*Last 20  $\epsilon$  values from the adaptation phase.*
- bool `firstAdapt_`  
*Has the first adaptation step been run?*
- bool `firstUpdate_`  
*Has the first post-adaptation update been run?*
- const `Model * model_`  
*Pointer to a model object.*
- vector< double > \* `theta_`  
*Pointer to the parameter vector.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- static const double `deltaMax_` = 1000.0  
*The  $\Delta_{max}$  value for the NUTS sampler.*
- static const double `delta_` = 0.6  
*Target acceptance rate  $\delta$ .*
- static const double `t0_` = 10.0  
*Stabilization parameter  $t_0$ .*
- static const double `gamma_` = 0.05  
*Shrinkage parameter  $\gamma$ .*
- static const double `negKappa_` = -0.75  
*Step size schedule power  $-\kappa$ .*
- static const uint64\_t `mask_` = static\_cast<uint64\_t>(0x01)  
*Bit mask for the  $U\{1,1\}$  test.*

### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

NUTS sampler class.

MCMC sampler class that implements the No-U-Turn Sampling with a dual-averaging algorithm to automatically set the Hamiltonian step size  $\epsilon$ . A class that implements a statistical model has to provide function to calculate a log-posterior and its gradient, as well as a pointer to the parameter vector.

### 5.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.20.2.1 SamplerNUTS() [1/2]

```
BayesianSpace::SamplerNUTS::SamplerNUTS (
    const Model * model,
    vector< double > * theta ) [inline]
```

Constructor.

Sets up the necessary functions and the pointer to the calling class parameter vector.

Parameters

in	<code>model</code>	pointer to a <code>Model</code> object that implements a particular statistical model
in	<code>theta</code>	pointer to the vector of parameters

### 5.20.2.2 SamplerNUTS() [2/2]

```
SamplerNUTS::SamplerNUTS (
    SamplerNUTS && in )
```

Move constructor.

Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

## 5.20.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.20.3.1 adapt()

```
int16_t SamplerNUTS::adapt ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Adaptation phase of the NUTS updating.

Uses Algorithm 6 from Hoffman and Gelman to settle on a good value for  $\epsilon$ .

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

Returns

Number of leapfrog steps performed or -1 if log-posterior is  $-\infty$

Implements [BayesicSpace::Sampler](#).

### 5.20.3.2 buildTreeNeg\_() [1/2]

```
void SamplerNUTS::buildTreeNeg_ (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    const vector< double > & r,
    const double & lu,
    const double & epsilon,
    const uint16_t & j,
    const vector< double > & thetaPlus,
    const vector< double > & rPlus,
    vector< double > & thetaMinus,
    vector< double > & rMinus,
    vector< double > & thetaPrime,
    double & nPrime,
    char & s ) [protected]
```

Negative tree building function for the NUTS algorithm.

As described in Algorithm 3 of Hoffman and Gelman, but the negative direction only. Instead of  $v$ , I use a signed  $\epsilon$ .

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	input parameter vector $\theta$
in	<i>r</i>	input momentum variables $r$
in	<i>lu</i>	log of the slice variable $u$
in	<i>epsilon</i>	step size $\epsilon$
in	<i>j</i>	tree height $j$
in	<i>thetaPlus</i>	positive direction parameter vector $\theta^+$
in	<i>rPlus</i>	positive direction momentum variable vector $r^+$
in, out	<i>thetaMinus</i>	negative direction parameter vector $\theta^-$
in, out	<i>rMinus</i>	negative direction momentum variable vector $r^-$
out	<i>thetaPrime</i>	proposed move $\theta'$ to $\theta^m$
out	<i>nPrime</i>	size $n'$ of the implicit tree $\mathcal{C}'$
out	<i>s</i>	stopping condition $s$

## 5.20.3.3 buildTreeNeg\_() [2/2]

```
void SamplerNUTS::buildTreeNeg_ (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    const vector< double > & r,
    const double & lu,
    const double & epsilon,
    const uint16_t & j,
    const vector< double > & thetaPlus,
    const vector< double > & rPlus,
    vector< double > & thetaMinus,
    vector< double > & rMinus,
    vector< double > & thetaPrime,
    double & nPrime,
    char & s,
    double & alphaPrime,
    double & nAlphaPrime ) [protected]
```

Negative tree building function for the NUTS dual-averaging algorithm.

This is for the adaptation phase to find optimal  $\epsilon$ , as described in Algorithm 6 of Hoffman and Gelman, but for the negative direction only. Instead of  $v$ , I use a signed  $\epsilon$ . All other variables follow the notation in the paper. To be used in the warm-up phase to tune step size  $\epsilon$ .

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	input parameter vector $\theta$
in	<i>r</i>	input momentum variables $r$
in	<i>lu</i>	log of the slice variable $u$



## Parameters

in	<i>epsilon</i>	step size $\epsilon$
in	<i>j</i>	tree height $j$
in	<i>thetaPlus</i>	positive direction parameter vector $\theta^+$
in	<i>rPlus</i>	positive direction momentum variable vector $r^+$
in, out	<i>thetaMinus</i>	negative direction parameter vector $\theta^-$
in, out	<i>rMinus</i>	negative direction momentum variable vector $r^-$
out	<i>thetaPrime</i>	proposed move $\theta'$ to $\theta^m$
out	<i>nPrime</i>	size $n'$ of the implicit tree $\mathcal{C}'$
out	<i>s</i>	stopping condition $s$
out	<i>alphaPrime</i>	acceptance probability $\alpha'$ to be optimized
out	<i>nAlphaPrime</i>	tree size after last doubling $n'_\alpha$

## 5.20.3.4 buildTreePos\_() [1/2]

```
void SamplerNUTS::buildTreePos_ (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    const vector< double > & r,
    const double & lu,
    const double & epsilon,
    const uint16_t & j,
    vector< double > & thetaPlus,
    vector< double > & rPlus,
    const vector< double > & thetaMinus,
    const vector< double > & rMinus,
    vector< double > & thetaPrime,
    double & nPrime,
    char & s ) [protected]
```

Positive tree building function for the NUTS algorithm.

As described in Algorithm 3 of Hoffman and Gelman, but the positive direction only. Instead of  $v$ , I use a signed  $\epsilon$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	input parameter vector $\theta$
in	<i>r</i>	input momentum variables $r$
in	<i>lu</i>	log of the slice variable $u$
in	<i>epsilon</i>	step size $\epsilon$
in	<i>j</i>	tree height $j$
in, out	<i>thetaPlus</i>	positive direction parameter vector $\theta^+$
in, out	<i>rPlus</i>	positive direction momentum variable vector $r^+$
in	<i>thetaMinus</i>	negative direction parameter vector $\theta^-$

## Parameters

in	<i>rMinus</i>	negative direction momentum variable vector $r^-$
out	<i>thetaPrime</i>	proposed move $\theta'$ to $\theta^m$
out	<i>nPrime</i>	size $n'$ of the implicit tree $C'$
out	<i>s</i>	stopping condition $s$

## 5.20.3.5 buildTreePos\_() [2/2]

```
void SamplerNUTS::buildTreePos_ (
    const vector< double > & theta,
    const vector< double > & r,
    const double & lu,
    const double & epsilon,
    const uint16_t & j,
    vector< double > & thetaPlus,
    vector< double > & rPlus,
    const vector< double > & thetaMinus,
    const vector< double > & rMinus,
    vector< double > & thetaPrime,
    double & nPrime,
    char & s,
    double & alphaPrime,
    double & nAlphaPrime ) [protected]
```

Positive tree building function for the NUTS dual-averaging algorithm.

This is for the adaptation phase to find optimal  $\epsilon$ , as described in Algorithm 6 of Hoffman and Gelman, but for the positive direction only. Instead of  $v$ , I use a signed  $\epsilon$ . All other variables follow the notation in the paper. To be used in the warm-up phase to tune step size  $\epsilon$ .

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

## Parameters

in	<i>theta</i>	input parameter vector $\theta$
in	<i>r</i>	input momentum variables $r$
in	<i>lu</i>	log of the slice variable $u$
in	<i>epsilon</i>	step size $\epsilon$
in	<i>j</i>	tree height $j$
in, out	<i>thetaPlus</i>	positive direction parameter vector $\theta^+$
in, out	<i>rPlus</i>	positive direction momentum variable vector $r^+$
in	<i>thetaMinus</i>	negative direction parameter vector $\theta^-$
in	<i>rMinus</i>	negative direction momentum variable vector $r^-$
out	<i>thetaPrime</i>	proposed move $\theta'$ to $\theta^m$
out	<i>nPrime</i>	size $n'$ of the implicit tree $C'$
out	<i>s</i>	stopping condition $s$
out	<i>alphaPrime</i>	acceptance probability $\alpha'$ to be optimized
out	<i>nAlphaPrime</i>	tree size after last doubling $n'_\alpha$

### 5.20.3.6 findInitialEpsilon\_()

```
void SamplerNUTS::findInitialEpsilon_ ( ) [protected]
```

Initialize step size.

Picks a reasonable initial value for the HMC/NUTS step size  $\epsilon$ . Uses Algorithm 4 from Hoffman and Gelman.

### 5.20.3.7 getEpsilon()

```
double BayesianSpace::SamplerNUTS::getEpsilon ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the current step size  $\epsilon$ .

#### Returns

Current  $\epsilon$

### 5.20.3.8 leapfrog\_()

```
void SamplerNUTS::leapfrog_ (
    vector< double > & theta,
    vector< double > & r,
    const double & epsilon ) [protected]
```

Single leapfrog step.

Takes a single leapfrog step, modifying  $\theta$  and  $r$ ;  $\epsilon$  can be negative, in which case the step is in the reverse direction.

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

#### Parameters

in, out	<i>theta</i>	the $\theta$ vector
in, out	<i>r</i>	the $r$ vector
in	<i>epsilon</i>	the step size $\epsilon$ , possibly negative

### 5.20.3.9 operator=()

```
SamplerNUTS & SamplerNUTS::operator= (
    SamplerNUTS && in )
```

Move assignment operator.

#### Parameters

in	<i>in</i>	object to be moved
----	-----------	--------------------

#### Returns

[SamplerNUTS](#) object

### 5.20.3.10 update()

```
int16_t SamplerNUTS::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

NUTS update of parameters.

The step size  $\epsilon$  set during the adaptation phase.

Checks the output of the log-posterior function and throws an exception if it evaluates to NaN or  $+\infty$ .

#### Returns

Number of leapfrog steps performed or -1 if log-posterior is  $-\infty$

Implements [BayesicSpace::Sampler](#).

## 5.20.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.20.4.1 model\_

```
const Model* BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS::model_ [protected]
```

Pointer to a model object.

Derived classes of this object implement particular statistical models.

### 5.20.4.2 theta\_

```
vector<double>* BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS::theta_ [protected]
```

Pointer to the parameter vector.

Points to the parameters of the calling model class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

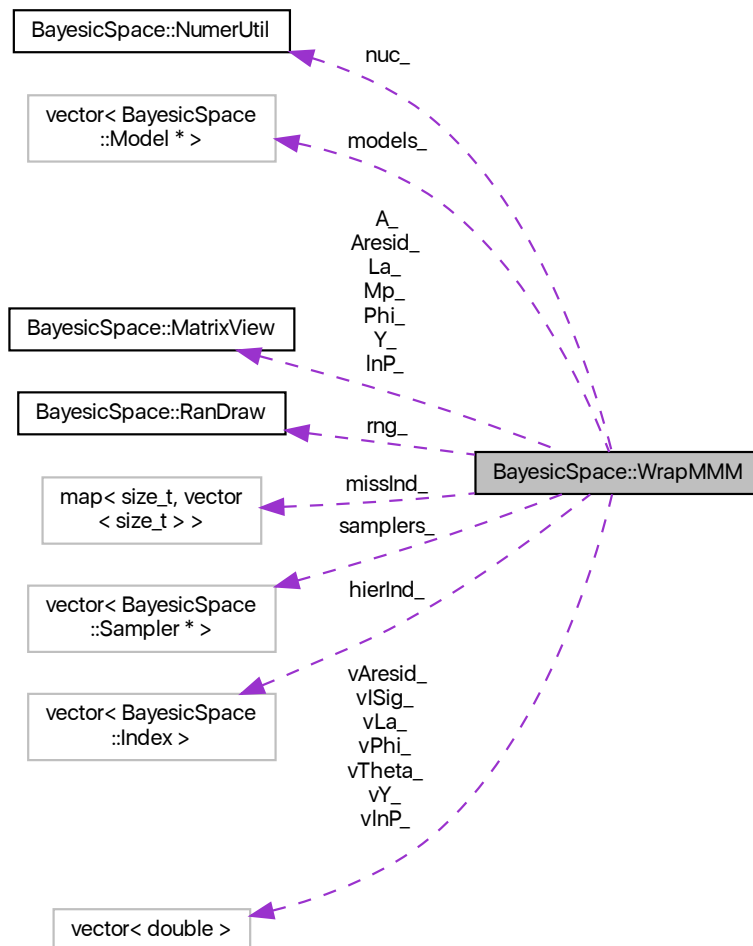
- [src/danuts.hpp](#)
- [src/danuts.cpp](#)

## 5.21 BayesicSpace::WrapMMM Class Reference

Replicated mixture model analysis.

```
#include <mumimo.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for BayesianSpace::WrapMMM:



## Public Member Functions

- [WrapMMM](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [WrapMMM](#) (const vector< double > &vY, const size\_t &d, const uint32\_t &Npop, const double &alphaPr, const double &tau0, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq)  
*Constructor for a model with no replication.*
- [WrapMMM](#) (const vector< double > &vY, const vector< size\_t > &y2line, const uint32\_t &Npop, const double &tauPrPhi, const double &alphaPr, const double &tau0, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq)  
*Constructor for a one-level hierarchical model.*
- [WrapMMM](#) (const vector< double > &vY, const vector< size\_t > &y2line, const vector< int32\_t > &missIDs, const uint32\_t &Npop, const double &tauPrPhi, const double &alphaPr, const double &tau0, const double &nu0, const double &invAsq)

- Constructor for a one-level hierarchical model with missing data.*

  - [WrapMMM \(WrapMMM &in\)=delete](#)  
*Copy constructor (deleted)*
  - [WrapMMM \(WrapMMM &&in\)=delete](#)  
*Move constructor (deleted)*
  - [~WrapMMM \(\)](#)  
*Destructor.*
- void [runSampler](#) (const uint32\_t &Nadapt, const uint32\_t &Nsample, const uint32\_t &Nthin, vector< double > &thetaChain, vector< double > &sigChain, vector< double > &piChain)  
*Sampler.*
- void [runSampler](#) (const uint32\_t &Nadapt, const uint32\_t &Nsample, const uint32\_t &Nthin, vector< double > &thetaChain, vector< double > &sigChain, vector< double > &piChain, vector< double > &impYchain)  
*Sampler with missing data.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [imputeMissing\\_ \(\)](#)  
*Impute missing phenotype data.*
- void [sortPops\\_ \(\)](#)  
*Sort the populations.*
- void [calibratePhi\\_ \(\)](#)  
*Calibrate rows of  $\Phi_i$ .*
- void [lnp2phi\\_ \(\)](#)  
*Convert log-probabilities to logit scores.*
- void [expandLa\\_ \(\)](#)  
*Expand lower triangle of the  $L_A$  matrix.*
- double [rowDistance\\_](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &m1, const size\_t &row1, const [MatrixView](#) &m2, const size\_t &row2)  
*Euclidean distance between matrix rows.*
- void [kMeans\\_](#) (const [MatrixView](#) &X, const size\_t &Kclust, const uint32\_t &maxIt, [Index](#) &x2m, [MatrixView](#) &M)  
*K-means clustering.*

## Protected Attributes

- vector< double > [vY\\_](#)  
*Vectorized data matrix.*
- [MatrixView](#) [Y\\_](#)  
*Data matrix view.*
- vector< [Index](#) > [hierInd\\_](#)  
*Vector of indexes connecting hierarchy levels.*
- vector< double > [vTheta\\_](#)  
*Model paramaters.*
- vector< double > [vISig\\_](#)  
*Inverse-covariances.*
- vector< double > [vPhi\\_](#)  
*Transformed population assignment probabilities.*
- vector< double > [vlnP\\_](#)

- Population assignment log-probabilities.*

  - [MatrixView A\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of line (accession) means.*
  - [MatrixView Mp\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of population means.*
  - [size\\_t PhiBegInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first probability element.*
  - [MatrixView Phi\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of logit-population assignment probabilities.*
  - [MatrixView InP\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of population assignment log-probabilities.*
  - [size\\_t fTeInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_E$  element.*
  - [size\\_t fLaInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $L_A$  element.*
  - [size\\_t fTaInd\\_](#)  
*Index of the first  $T_A$  element.*
  - [vector< double > vLa\\_](#)  
*Expanded vectorized  $L_A$  matrix.*
  - [MatrixView La\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of the  $L_A$  matrix.*
  - [vector< double > vAresid\\_](#)  
*Vectorized  $A - \mu_p$  residual.*
  - [MatrixView Aresid\\_](#)  
*Matrix view of the residual.*
  - [map< size\\_t, vector< size\\_t > > missInd\\_](#)  
*Missingness index.*
  - [vector< Model \\* > models\\_](#)  
*Models.*
  - [vector< Sampler \\* > samplers\\_](#)  
*Vector of pointers to samplers.*
  - [RanDraw rng\\_](#)  
*Random number generator.*
  - [NumerUtil nuc\\_](#)  
*Numerical utility collection.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- static const double [phiMin\\_](#) = -5.0  
*Phi\_ recalibration trigger value*
- static const double [addVal\\_](#) = 3.0  
*Value to add for calibration.*



### 5.21.1 Detailed Description

Replicated mixture model analysis.

Builds a daNUTS within Gibbs sampler to fit a Gaussian mixture model for replicated data on multiple traits. Takes the data and factors for parameters, sets the initial values, and performs the sampling.

### 5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.21.2.1 WrapMMM() [1/3]

```
WrapMMM::WrapMMM (
    const vector< double > & vY,
    const size_t & d,
    const uint32_t & Npop,
    const double & alphaPr,
    const double & tau0,
    const double & nu0,
    const double & invAsq )
```

Constructor for a model with no replication.

Establishes the initial parameter values and the sampler kind.

#### Parameters

in	<i>vY</i>	vectorized data matrix
in	<i>d</i>	number of traits
in	<i>Npop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>alphaPr</i>	$\alpha$ prior parameter for population assignment probabilities
in	<i>tau0</i>	prior precision for the "fixed" effects
in	<i>nu0</i>	prior degrees of freedom for precision matrices
in	<i>invAsq</i>	prior inverse variance for precision matrices

#### 5.21.2.2 WrapMMM() [2/3]

```
WrapMMM::WrapMMM (
    const vector< double > & vY,
    const vector< size_t > & y2line,
    const uint32_t & Npop,
    const double & tauPrPhi,
```

```

const double & alphaPr,
const double & tau0,
const double & nu0,
const double & invAsq )

```

Constructor for a one-level hierarchical model.

Establishes the initial parameter values and the sampler kind. Input to the factor vector must be non-negative. This should be checked in the calling function.

#### Parameters

in	<i>vY</i>	vectorized data matrix
in	<i>y2line</i>	factor connecting data to lines (accessions)
in	<i>Npop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>tauPrPhi</i>	prior precision for $\phi$
in	<i>alphaPr</i>	$\alpha$ prior parameter for population assignment probabilities
in	<i>tau0</i>	prior precision for the "fixed" effects
in	<i>nu0</i>	prior degrees of freedom for precision matrices
in	<i>invAsq</i>	prior inverse variance for precision matrices

### 5.21.2.3 WrapMMM() [3/3]

```

WrapMMM::WrapMMM (
    const vector< double > & vY,
    const vector< size_t > & y2line,
    const vector< int32_t > & missIDs,
    const uint32_t & Npop,
    const double & tauPrPhi,
    const double & alphaPr,
    const double & tau0,
    const double & nu0,
    const double & invAsq )

```

Constructor for a one-level hierarchical model with missing data.

Establishes the initial parameter values and the sampler kind. Input to the factor vector must be non-negative. This should be checked in the calling function.

#### Parameters

in	<i>vY</i>	vectorized data matrix
in	<i>y2line</i>	factor connecting data to lines (accessions)
in	<i>missIDs</i>	vectorized matrix (same dimensions as <i>vY</i> ) with 1 corresponding to a missing data point and 0 otherwise
in	<i>Npop</i>	number of populations
in	<i>tauPrPhi</i>	prior precision for $\phi$

## Parameters

in	<i>alphaPr</i>	$\alpha$ prior parameter for population assignment probabilities
in	<i>tau0</i>	prior precision for the "fixed" effects
in	<i>nu0</i>	prior degrees of freedom for precision matrices
in	<i>invAsq</i>	prior inverse variance for precision matrices

### 5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.21.3.1 `calibratePhi_()`

```
void WrapMMM::calibratePhi_ ( ) [protected]
```

Calibrate rows of `Phi_`

Looks for rows of `Phi_` with all elements negative and below a threshold (currently - 5.0, determined empirically) and adds a constant to increase numerical stability. This does not affect population assignment probabilities.

#### 5.21.3.2 `expandLa_()`

```
void WrapMMM::expandLa_ ( ) [protected]
```

Expand lower triangle of the  $L_A$  matrix.

Expands the triangular  $L_A$  matrix and multiplies its columns by the square root of  $T_A$ . The input vector `vISig_` stores only the non-zero elements of these matrices.

#### 5.21.3.3 `kMeans_()`

```
void WrapMMM::kMeans_ (
    const MatrixView & X,
    const size_t & Kclust,
    const uint32_t & maxIt,
    Index & x2m,
    MatrixView & M ) [protected]
```

K-means clustering.

Performs k-means clustering on a matrix of values. Each row of the input matrix is an item with observed values in columns.

**Parameters**

in	$X$	matrix of observations to be clustered
in	$K_{clust}$	number of clusters
in	$max_{\leftrightarrow} It$	maximum number of iterations
out	$x2m$	<a href="#">Index</a> relating clusters to values
out	$M$	matrix of cluster means (clusters in rows)

**5.21.3.4 Inp2phi\_()**

```
void WrapMMM::lnp2phi_ ( ) [protected]
```

Convert log-probabilities to logit scores.

Uses the Betancourt (2012) method of transforming population assignment log-probabilities to hyper-spherical coordinates. I then apply a logit transformation to further map scores to the  $(-\infty, \infty)$  interval.

**5.21.3.5 rowDistance\_()**

```
double WrapMMM::rowDistance_ (
    const MatrixView & m1,
    const size_t & row1,
    const MatrixView & m2,
    const size_t & row2 ) [protected]
```

Euclidean distance between matrix rows.

**Parameters**

in	$m1$	first matrix
in	$row1$	index of the first matrix row
in	$m2$	second matrix
in	$row2$	index of the second matrix row

**Returns**

euclidean distance between the rows

**5.21.3.6 runSampler() [1/2]**

```
void WrapMMM::runSampler (
    const uint32_t & Nadapt,
```

```

const uint32_t & Nsample,
const uint32_t & Nthin,
vector< double > & thetaChain,
vector< double > & isigChain,
vector< double > & piChain )

```

### Sampler.

Runs the chosen sampler with given parameters and outputs the chain.

#### Parameters

in	<i>Nadapt</i>	number of adaptation (burn-in) steps
in	<i>Nsample</i>	number of sampling steps
in	<i>Nthin</i>	thinning number
out	<i>thetaChain</i>	MCMC chain of location parameters
out	<i>isigChain</i>	MCMC chain of inverse-covariance parameters
out	<i>piChain</i>	MCMC chain of $p_{ip}$

### 5.21.3.7 runSampler() [2/2]

```

void WrapMMM::runSampler (
    const uint32_t & Nadapt,
    const uint32_t & Nsample,
    const uint32_t & Nthin,
    vector< double > & thetaChain,
    vector< double > & isigChain,
    vector< double > & piChain,
    vector< double > & impYchain )

```

### Sampler with missing data.

Runs the sampler with given parameters, imputes missing data, and outputs chains. Imputed values for the missing data points are in the `impYchain` variable. The imputed data are arranged by row first, then by trait index within the row.

#### Parameters

in	<i>Nadapt</i>	number of adaptation (burn-in) steps
in	<i>Nsample</i>	number of sampling steps
in	<i>Nthin</i>	thinning number
out	<i>thetaChain</i>	MCMC chain of model parameters
out	<i>isigChain</i>	MCMC chain of inverse-covariance parameters
out	<i>piChain</i>	MCMC chain of $p_{ip}$
out	<i>impYchain</i>	MCMC chain tracking imputed data

### 5.21.3.8 sortPops\_()

```
void WrapMMM::sortPops_ ( ) [protected]
```

Sort the populations.

Populations are sorted according to the index of the first individual that belongs to a population with high probability. This scheme is also known as left-ordering.

## 5.21.4 Member Data Documentation

### 5.21.4.1 hierInd\_

```
vector<Index> BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::hierInd_ [protected]
```

Vector of indexes connecting hierarchy levels.

First element connects replicates (data) to line means, second connects lines to populations. The second index is updated as part of the mixture model.

### 5.21.4.2 missInd\_

```
map<size_t, vector<size_t> > BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::missInd_ [protected]
```

Missingness index.

The key values are indexes of rows that have missing data, the mapped value is a vector with indexes of missing phenotypes for that row.

### 5.21.4.3 models\_

```
vector<Model*> BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::models_ [protected]
```

Models.

The location parameter model first, then the inverse-covariance model.

#### 5.21.4.4 samplers\_

```
vector<Sampler*> BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::samplers_ [protected]
```

Vector of pointers to samplers.

Will point to the chosen derived sampler class(es).

#### 5.21.4.5 vY\_

```
vector<double> BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::vY_ [protected]
```

Vectorized data matrix.

Vectorized matrix of responses.

#### 5.21.4.6 Y\_

```
MatrixView BayesicSpace::WrapMMM::Y_ [protected]
```

Data matrix view.

Points to vY\_.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/mumimo.hpp](#)
- [src/mumimo.cpp](#)





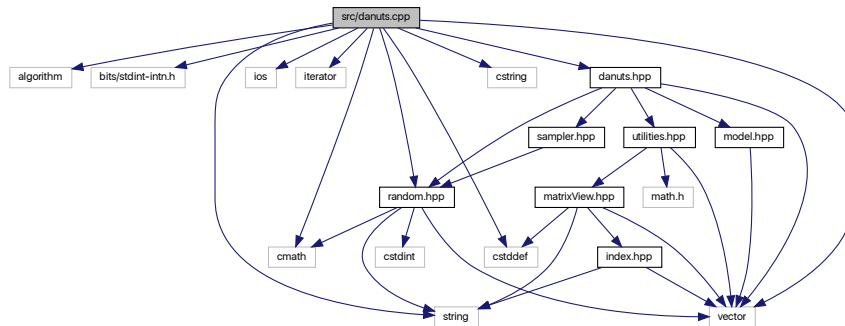
# Chapter 6

## File Documentation

### 6.1 src/danuts.cpp File Reference

NUTS with dual averaging.

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <bits/stdcint-intn.h>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ios>
#include <iterator>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstring>
#include "danuts.hpp"
#include "random.hpp"
Include dependency graph for danuts.cpp:
```



### 6.1.1 Detailed Description

NUTS with dual averaging.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

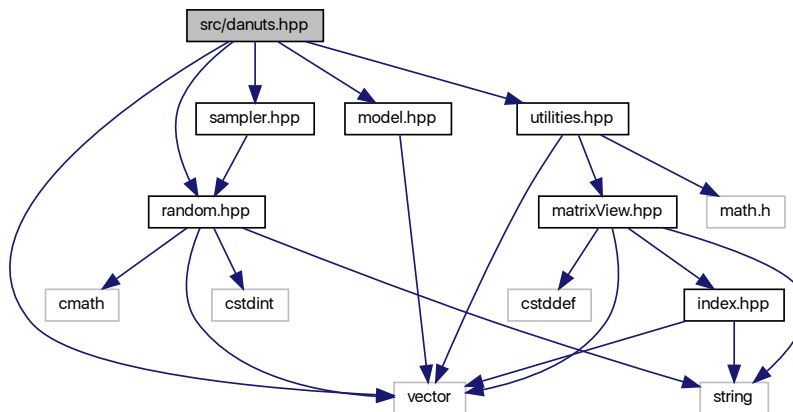
1.0

Class implementation for the No-U-Turn Sampler with dual averaging.

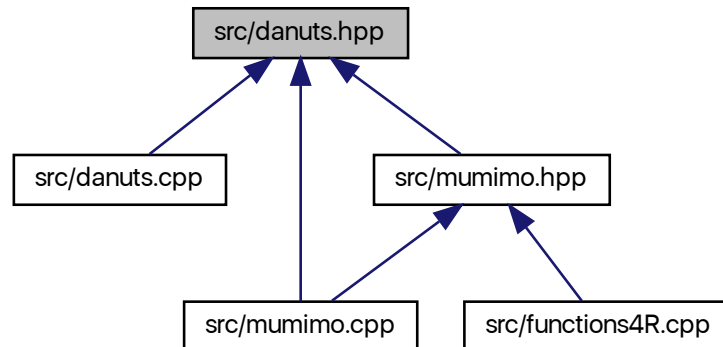
## 6.2 src/danuts.hpp File Reference

NUTS with dual averaging.

```
#include <vector>
#include "random.hpp"
#include "model.hpp"
#include "sampler.hpp"
#include "utilities.hpp"
Include dependency graph for danuts.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::SamplerNUTS](#)  
*NUTS sampler class.*
- class [BayesicSpace::SamplerMetro](#)  
*Metropolis sampler.*

### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

NUTS with dual averaging.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

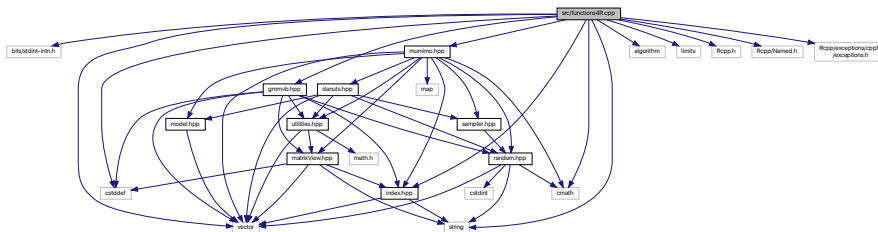
Class definition for an implementation of the No-U-Turn Sampler with dual averaging.

## 6.3 src/functions4R.cpp File Reference

R interface functions.

```
#include <bits/stdint-intn.h>
#include <cstddef>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <algorithm>
#include <string>
#include <limits>
#include <Rcpp.h>
#include <Rcpp/Named.h>
#include <Rcpp/exceptions/cpp11/exceptions.h>
#include "mumimo.hpp"
#include "gmmvb.hpp"
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for functions4R.cpp:



## Functions

- `Rcpp::List testLpostNR` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `std::vector< double > &theta`, `const std::vector< double > &P`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testLpostP` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `const std::vector< double > &theta`, `std::vector< double > &Phi`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testLpostLocNR` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `std::vector< double > &theta`, `const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testGradNR` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `std::vector< double > &theta`, `const std::vector< double > &P`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testGradP` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `const std::vector< double > &theta`, `std::vector< double > &Phi`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testGradLocNR` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `std::vector< double > &theta`, `const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)
- `Rcpp::List testLpostSigNR` (`const std::vector< double > &yVec`, `const int32_t &d`, `const int32_t &Npop`, `const std::vector< double > &theta`, `std::vector< double > &iSigTheta`, `const int32_t &ind`, `const double &limit`, `const double &incr`)

- double **testLpostLoc** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta)
- Rcpp::List **lpTestLI** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta, const int32\_t &ind, const double &limit, const double &incr)
- Rcpp::List **gradTestLI** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta, const int32\_t &ind, const double &limit, const double &incr)
- Rcpp::List **lpTestSI** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta, const int32\_t &ind, const double &limit, const double &incr)
- Rcpp::List **gradTestSInr** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const int32\_t &d, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta, const int32\_t &ind, const double &limit, const double &incr)
- Rcpp::List **gradTestSI** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const std::vector< double > &theta, const std::vector< double > &iSigTheta, const int32\_t &ind, const double &limit, const double &incr)
- Rcpp::List **vbFit** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const int32\_t &d, const int32\_t &nGroups, const double &alphaPr, const double &sigSqPr, const double &covRatio, const int32\_t nReps)
- Rcpp::List **vbFitMiss** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const int32\_t &d, const int32\_t &nGroups, const double &alphaPr, const double &sigSqPr, const double &covRatio, const int32\_t nReps)
- Rcpp::List **runSamplerNR** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const int32\_t &d, const int32\_t &Npop, const int32\_t &Nadapt, const int32\_t &Nsamp, const int32\_t &Nthin, const int32\_t &Nchains)
- Rcpp::List **runSampler** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const int32\_t &Npop, const int32\_t &Nadapt, const int32\_t &Nsamp, const int32\_t &Nthin, const int32\_t &Nchains)
- Rcpp::List **runSamplerMiss** (const std::vector< double > &yVec, const std::vector< int32\_t > &lnFac, const std::vector< int32\_t > &missIDs, const int32\_t &Npop, const int32\_t &Nadapt, const int32\_t &Nsamp, const int32\_t &Nthin, const int32\_t &Nchains)

### 6.3.1 Detailed Description

R interface functions.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

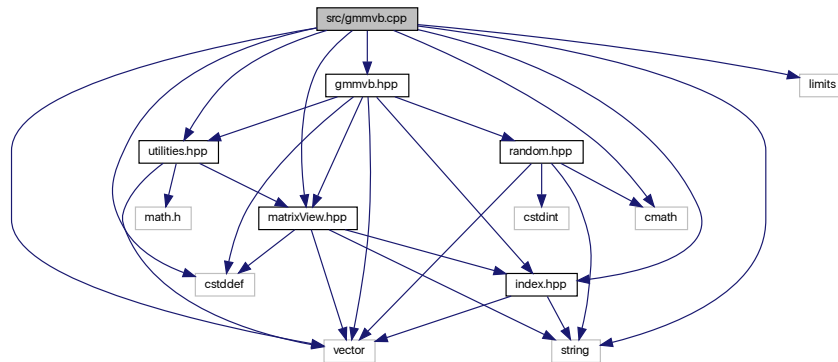
1.0

## 6.4 src/gmmvb.cpp File Reference

Variational inference of Gaussian mixture models.

```
#include <cstddef>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <limits>
#include "gmmvb.hpp"
#include "matrixView.hpp"
#include "utilities.hpp"
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for gmmvb.cpp:



### 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Variational inference of Gaussian mixture models.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

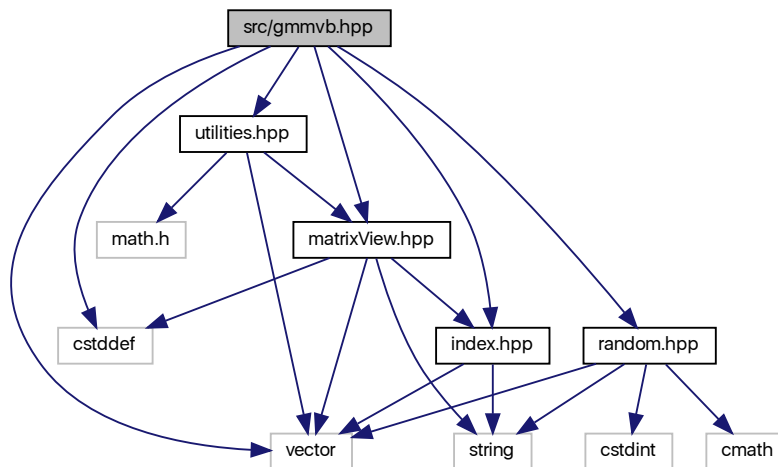
Implementation of variational Bayes inference of Gaussian mixture models.

## 6.5 src/gmmvb.hpp File Reference

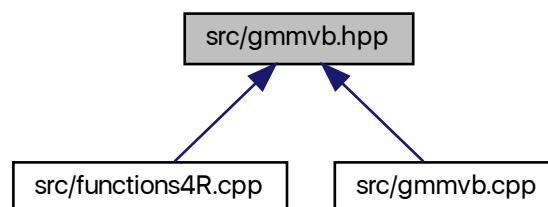
Variational inference of Gaussian mixture models.

```
#include <cstddef>
#include <vector>
#include "matrixView.hpp"
#include "utilities.hpp"
#include "random.hpp"
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for gmmvb.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::GmmVB](#)  
*Variational Bayes class.*
- class [BayesicSpace::GmmVBmiss](#)  
*Variational Bayes with missing data.*

### 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Variational inference of Gaussian mixture models.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

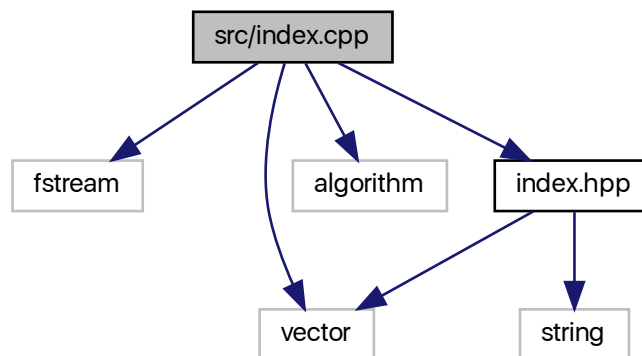
Class definition and interface documentation for variational Bayes inference of Gaussian mixture models.

## 6.6 src/index.cpp File Reference

Connect lines with populations.

```
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for index.cpp:





### 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Connect lines with populations.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

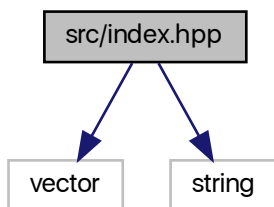
Implementation of a class that relates individuals to groups, similar to an factor in R.

## 6.7 src/index.hpp File Reference

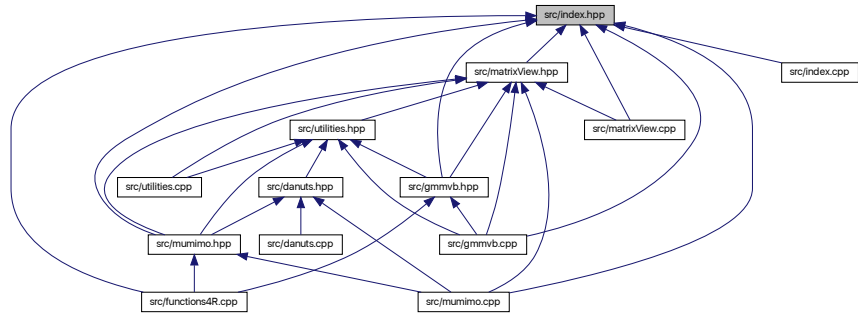
Connect lines with groups.

```
#include <vector>
#include <string>
```

Include dependency graph for index.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::Index](#)

*Group index.*

### 6.7.1 Detailed Description

Connect lines with groups.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

Copyright (c) 2017 Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Version

1.0

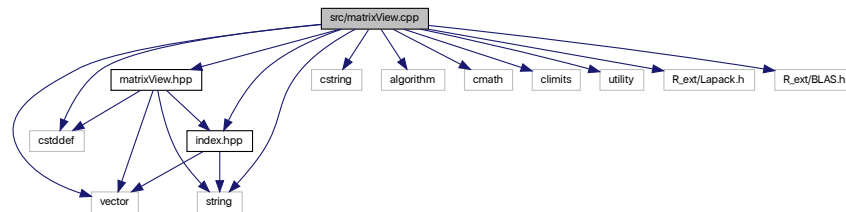
Definitions and interface documentation for a class that relates individuals to groups, similar to an factor in R.

## 6.8 src/matrixView.cpp File Reference

C++ matrix class that wraps pointers.

```
#include <cstdint>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>
#include <climits>
#include <utility>
#include <R_ext/Lapack.h>
#include <R_ext/BLAS.h>
#include "matrixView.hpp"
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for matrixView.cpp:



### Variables

- static const double **ZEROTOL** = 100.0 \* numeric\_limits<double>::epsilon()

### 6.8.1 Detailed Description

C++ matrix class that wraps pointers.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

Copyright (c) 2019 Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Version

0.1

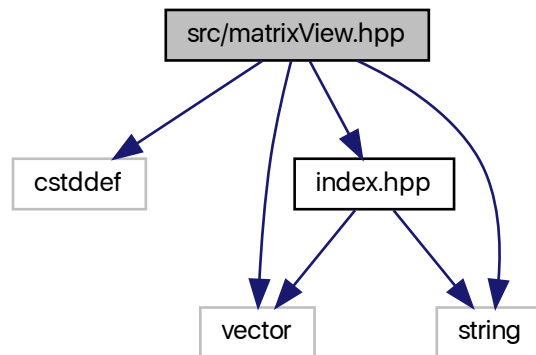
This is the class implementation file for the experimental MatrixView class. This version is for including in R packages, so it uses the R BLAS and LAPACK interfaces.

## 6.9 src/matrixView.hpp File Reference

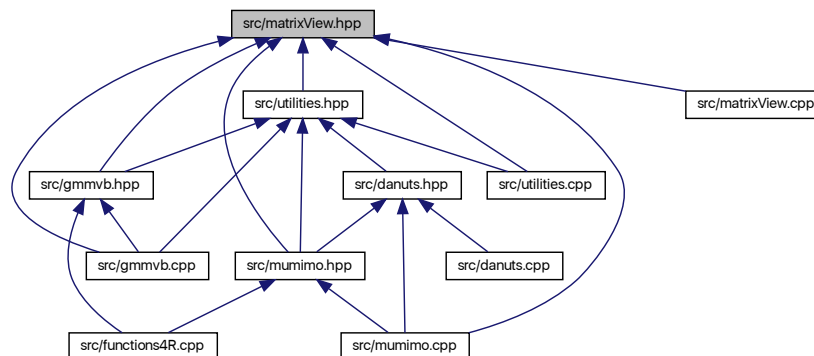
C++ matrix class that wraps pointers.

```
#include <cstddef>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include "index.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for matrixView.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::MatrixView](#)  
*Matrix view of a vector*
- class [BayesicSpace::MatrixViewConst](#)  
*A const version of [MatrixView](#)*

### 6.9.1 Detailed Description

C++ matrix class that wraps pointers.

**Author**

Anthony J. Greenberg

**Copyright**

Copyright (c) 2019 Anthony J. Greenberg

**Version**

0.1

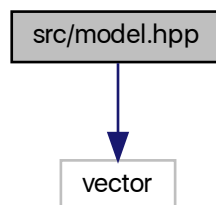
This is the project header file containing class definitions and interface documentation.

## 6.10 src/model.hpp File Reference

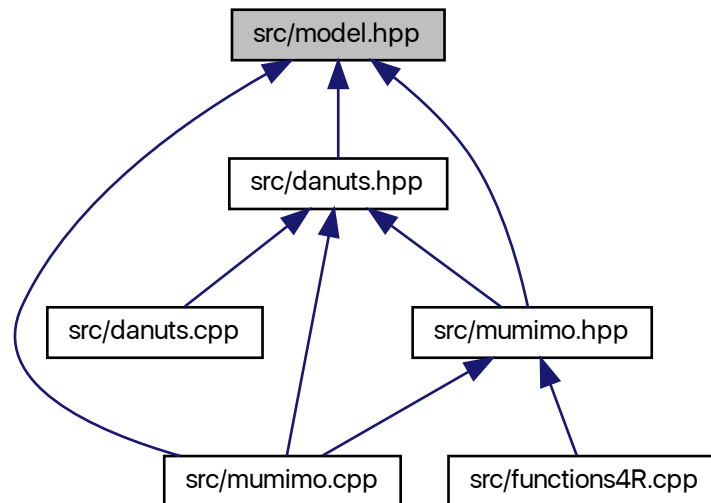
Abstract base statistical model class.

```
#include <vector>
```

Include dependency graph for model.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::Model](#)  
*Model class.*

### 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Abstract base statistical model class.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

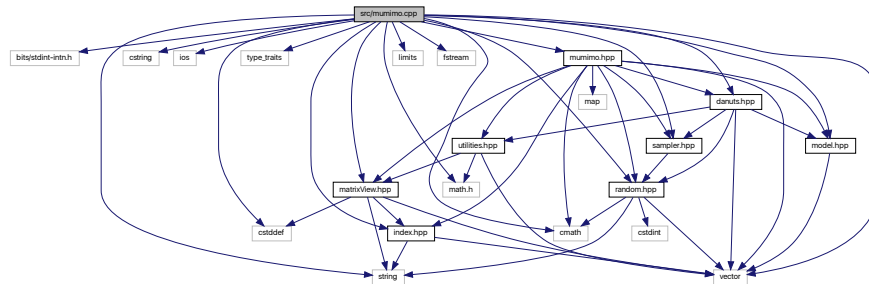
Class definition for an abstract base class for statistical models. Surfaces the log-posterior and its gradient for a given model.

## 6.11 src/mumimo.cpp File Reference

Gaussian mixture models.

```
#include <bits/stdint-intn.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <cstring>
#include <ios>
#include <math.h>
#include <type_traits>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <limits>
#include <fstream>
#include "index.hpp"
#include "random.hpp"
#include "model.hpp"
#include "mumimo.hpp"
#include "sampler.hpp"
#include "danuts.hpp"
#include "matrixView.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for mumimo.cpp:



### 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Gaussian mixture models.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

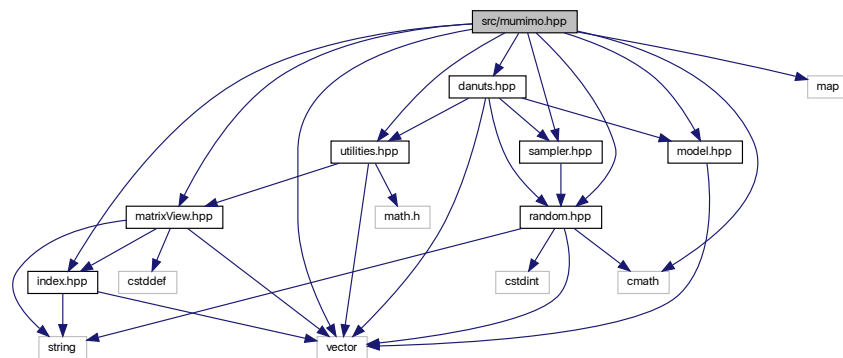
Class implementation to generate Markov chains for inference of Gaussian mixture models. Dual-averaging NUTS and Metropolis samplers for parameters groups are included within a Gibbs sampler.

## 6.12 src/mumimo.hpp File Reference

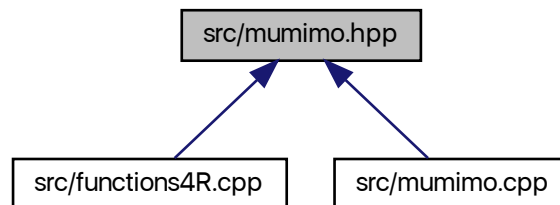
Gaussia mixture models.

```
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <map>
#include "index.hpp"
#include "random.hpp"
#include "model.hpp"
#include "sampler.hpp"
#include "danuts.hpp"
#include "matrixView.hpp"
#include "utilities.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for mumimo.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::MumiNR](#)



*No-replication multiplicative mixture model parameter component.*

- class [BayesicSpace::MumiPNR](#)

*Population assignement probability component.*

- class [BayesicSpace::MumiLocNR](#)

*Mixture model for location parameters, no replication.*

- class [BayesicSpace::MumiLoc](#)

*Mixture model for location parameters.*

- class [BayesicSpace::MumilSigNR](#)

*Model for inverse covariances with no replication.*

- class [BayesicSpace::MumilSig](#)

*Model for inverse covariances.*

- class [BayesicSpace::WrapMMM](#)

*Replicated mixture model analysis.*

### 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Gaussia mixture models.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

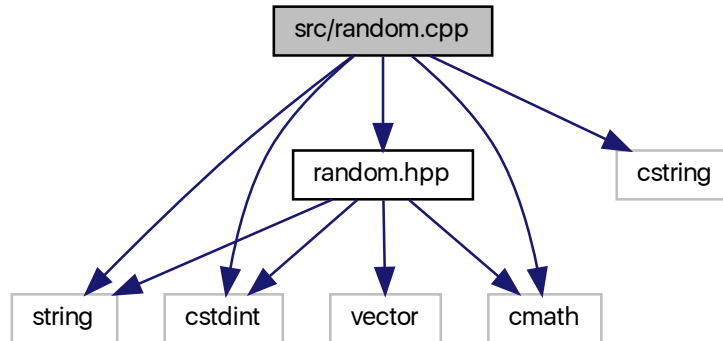
Class definition and interface documentation to generate Markov chains for inference of Gaussian mixture models. Dual-averaging NUTS and Metropolis samplers for parameters groups are included within a Gibbs sampler.

## 6.13 src/random.cpp File Reference

Random number generation.

```
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdint>
#include <cmath>
```

```
#include "random.hpp"  
Include dependency graph for random.cpp:
```



### 6.13.1 Detailed Description

Random number generation.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

Class implementation for facilities that generate random draws from various distributions.

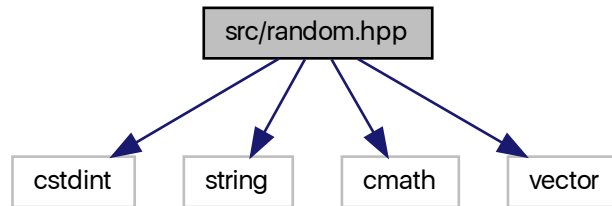
## 6.14 `src/random.hpp` File Reference

Random number generation.

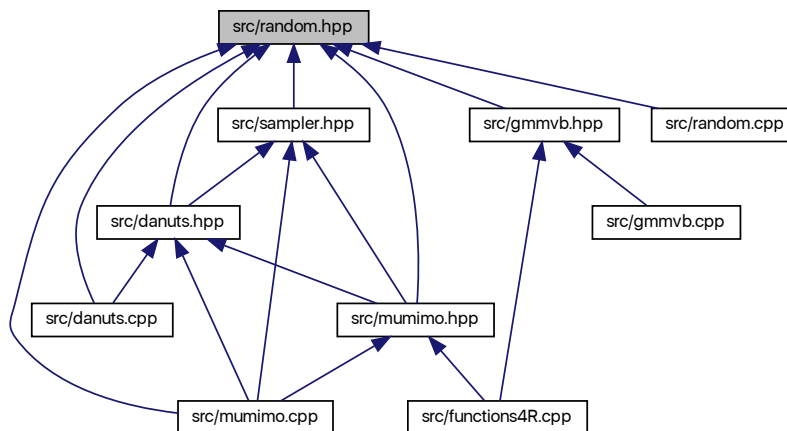
```
#include <cstdint>  
#include <string>  
#include <cmath>
```

```
#include <vector>
```

Include dependency graph for random.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::Generate](#)  
*Abstract base random number class.*
- class [BayesicSpace::GenerateHR](#)  
*Hardware random number generating class.*
- class [BayesicSpace::GenerateMT](#)  
*Pseudo-random number generator.*
- class [BayesicSpace::RanDraw](#)  
*Random number generating class.*

### 6.14.1 Detailed Description

Random number generation.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

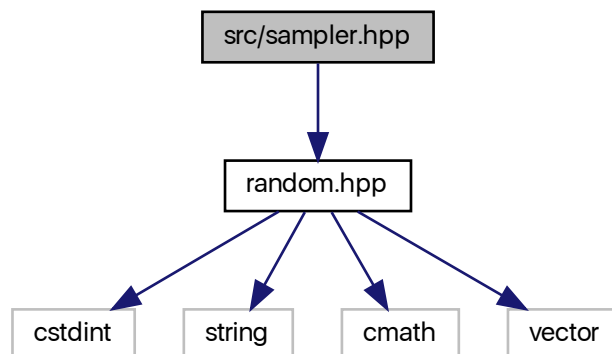
1.0

Class definition and interface documentation for facilities that generate random draws from various distributions.

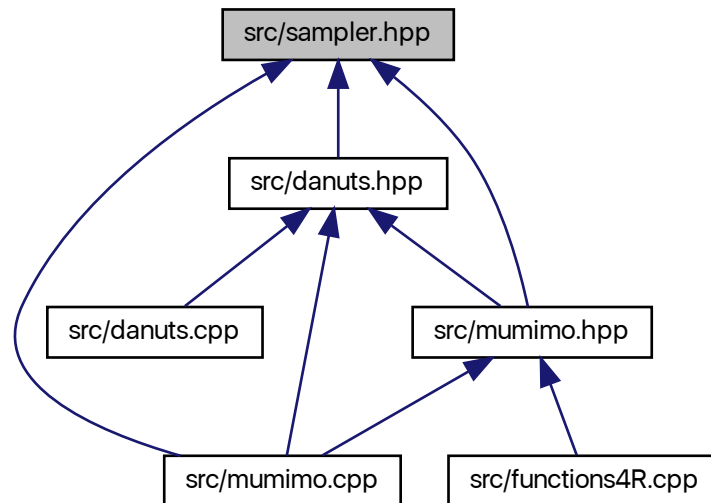
## 6.15 src/sampler.hpp File Reference

```
#include "random.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for sampler.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::Sampler](#)  
*Sampler* abstract base class.

### 6.15.1 Detailed Description

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

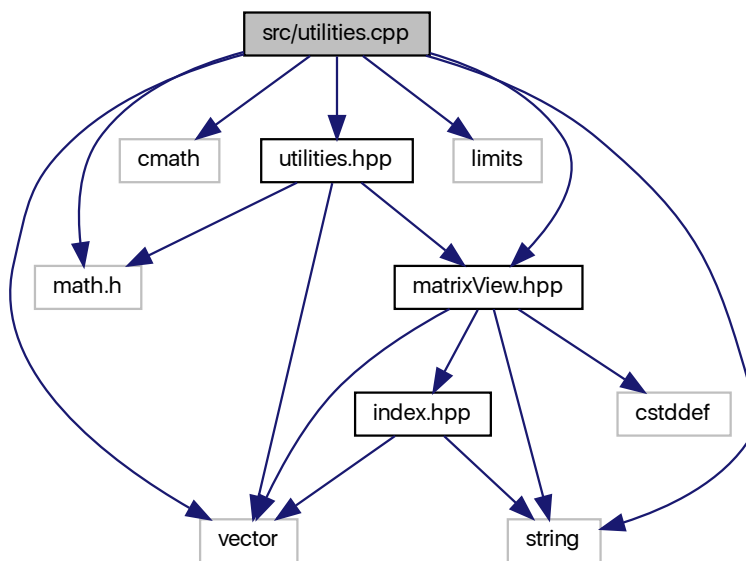
1.0

Class definition and interface documentation for the abstract base MCMC sampler class. The derived classes must surface an `adapt()` and `update()` functions.

## 6.16 src/utilities.cpp File Reference

Numerical utilities implementation.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <string>
#include <limits>
#include "utilities.hpp"
#include "matrixView.hpp"
Include dependency graph for utilities.cpp:
```



### 6.16.1 Detailed Description

Numerical utilities implementation.

**Author**

Anthony J. Greenberg

**Copyright**

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**Version**

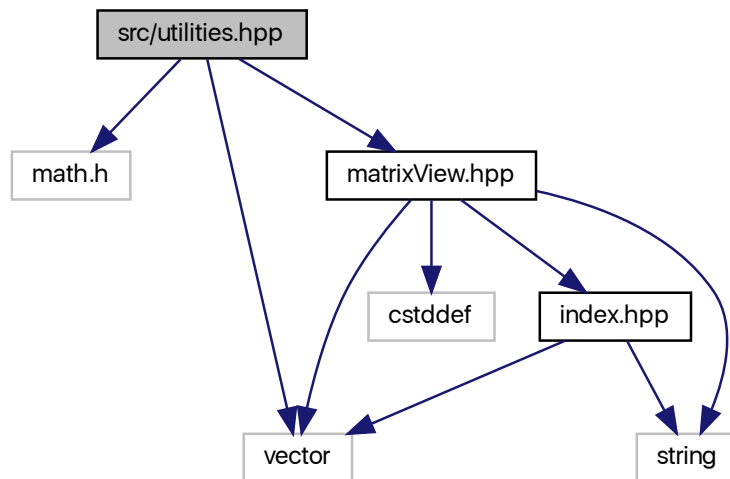
1.0

Class implementation for a set of numerical utilities. Implemented as a class because this seems to be the only way for these methods to be included using Rcpp with no compilation errors.

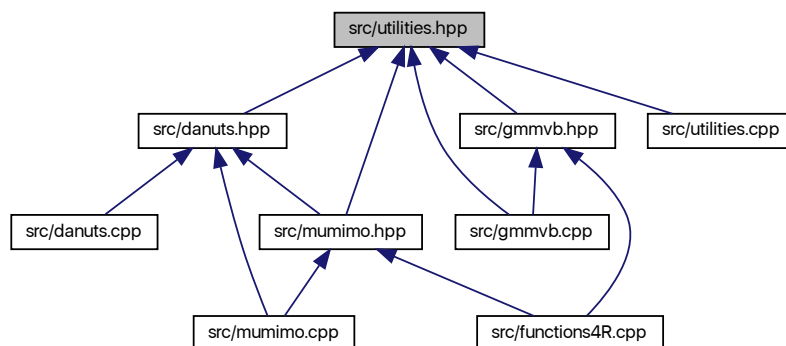
## 6.17 src/utilities.hpp File Reference

Numerical utilities.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <vector>
#include "matrixView.hpp"
Include dependency graph for utilities.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

- class [BayesicSpace::NumerUtil](#)  
*Numerical utilities collection.*

### 6.17.1 Detailed Description

Numerical utilities.

#### Author

Anthony J. Greenberg

#### Copyright

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#### Version

1.0

Class definition for a set of numerical utilities. Implemented as a class because this seems to be the only way for these methods to be included using Rcpp with no compilation errors.



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